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The News

New styles in Ladies' Mesh Bags and Coin Purses at
SNELL'S
GRADUATE OPTICIAN

VOL. 11 NO. 20 RED DEER, ALBERTA, JUNE 9th, 1915 Subscription $1.00 per year

Italian Chief of Army on Frontier



GEN. CARLO CANEVA.

Who is in command of the Italian army on the Austrian frontier, and which has commenced the invasion of Austria, north of the Gulf of Trieste.

NEW BANK MANAGER GIVEN SEND-OFF

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Maxwell Bid Farewell to Vegreville

On Monday evening of last week the citizens of Vegreville, Alberta, tendered the Mayor and Mrs. Maxwell an "At home" in Dobbin's Hall. The event was very well attended and a most pleasant evening spent. Music and cards formed the chief attractions, musical selections being rendered by the Hamsson orchestra; Mrs. Jas. McNeill, Mr. and Mrs. Young, and Mr. Mylrea.

In the course of the evening Mr. and Mrs. Maxwell were called to the platform, where an address was read to them and a presentation made to Mrs. Maxwell of a handsome bouquet and to the Mayor of a gold-headed cane. Deputy-mayor Dobbins presided at the "At home."

The text of the address was as follows:

Vegreville, Alberta,
May 31st, 1915.

To His Worship,
Mayor A. S. Maxwell.

The citizens of Vegreville assembled here tonight are endeavoring to show you in some slight measure the honor in which they hold you, and the regret which they feel at your impending departure from the town.

Since your arrival here in September, 1909, when you assumed the management of the local branch of the Merchants Bank of Canada, your personal and business relations with every citizen have been of the most pleasant character; your interest in the town and your work therefor in the Board of Trade and other public bodies, has been unremitting and zealous. The loss of citizens of your ability and public spirit is one which is ill-sustained by any community.

We will make only the briefest reference to the fact that your election last December to the highest office within the gift of the citizens of Vegreville is, in itself, sufficient evidence of the esteem in which they hold you. Their regret now is that your tenure of the office of Mayor has been all too brief.

As a trifling memento of their regard the citizens beg you to accept this gold-headed cane, which you will note is suitably engraved. Their hope is that for many years to come this cane will be of use to you in a purely decorative capacity; and also, that when the inevitable snows of age descend, and your footsteps commence to falter, you will find it of more utilitarian value. Through all the years to come they will bear you in kindly remembrance and merely ask that you reciprocate these memories in the best way you can.

The congratulations of the entire community are extended to you on the promotion accorded you by the Bank with which you are associated, and the utmost confidence is felt that that courtesy, ability, and public spirit which has endeared you to Vegreville will be recognized in no less degree at Red Deer.

The citizens are not forgetful of the many things Mrs. Maxwell has done for the town, and of her warm interest in all matters which are more particularly within a woman's sphere. They desire to express to her their high appreciation of her services, and extend to Mrs. Maxwell, your family and yourself their sincere wishes for continued prosperity.

In replying to the address Mr. Maxwell said that he felt greatly indebted to the Deputy-mayor and those associated with him who had been responsible for the arrangements of the evening, and the opportunity it afforded him to meet so many of those with whom he had been in constant intercourse for the past six years. He thanked those present for their willingness in giving up the evening to meet Mrs. Maxwell and himself and bid them farewell.

The gathering broke up about midnight, Mayor and Mrs. Maxwell being detained for some time in bidding farewell to their friends.

Letters from The Front

W. J. Broughton received the following letter from his son Colin last week:

France, May 7th, 1915.

Dear Dad and Mother:—

I received two letters from you the other day, one dated April 5th and one the 11th, and was pleased to hear you were all well.

I am glad to say I have been through our big battle all safe and sound, although I had plenty of narrow escapes. We laid out in an open field for four days, and the Germans just rained shrapnel over us all the time, but did very little damage.

The worst thing we had to contend with was the gas, and that was something awful.

We are all anxiously watching the papers to see what our people are going to do about it.

I suppose that your papers are full of our brave (?) deeds. I should just like to see one.

I read Sir Max Aiken's account in the English papers and it was a dandy.

I can't begin to tell you what actually did happen in this letter, but I shall be able to spin you a good yarn when I come home. When we went into the trenches this time, we lost everything we had, and just came back with our rifles and ammunition and considered ourselves pretty lucky to get back at all.

The German casualty list must be a big one for our machine guns just simply mowed them down like grass.

When the mail came in the other day I got nine letters and a newspaper from New Zealand.

Your loving son,
COLIN.

W. J. Broughton received the following letter Monday last:

France, May 14th, 1915.

Dear Dad and Mother,—

I received two letters from you this week, and am pleased to hear that you are all keeping well. I am glad that you sent those newspaper cuttings, as they are very interesting. I suppose by now you will know definitely about making that ammunition, and I hope that you get a good big order. I almost wish that I could be there to help you to make it. Anyway we will make good use of the effects of it after the artillery get through with it. Make plenty of it, and make it fast, for we can do with it all. I only hope that the powder in the shells will make a whole lot bigger stink than that the Germans use. Their stink shells, as we call them, are fierce. It is just like putting your head into a bunch of sulphur fumes.

You got the news about Major Sanderson very quick. The reports regarding him are very conflicting, for we heard yesterday that he is not dead, but of course that is not official news. He was wounded very bad, and I don't see how he could possibly pull through, for he was hit in seven different places. There were eight or ten casualties in the Red Deer contingent. One of them, named Jack Masson, was a friend of Mr. Carr's, and another called Wightwick, who used to work in Lord's, was a friend of Jim Halloway's. He was killed.

You will see by the accounts that our little bunch were in the thick of it, and have done good work. Those of us who are left are anxious to be into it again, so that we may be able to square accounts.

Lieut. Page deserves very great credit for his coolness during the fight, for we lost all the officers in our company except him, and of course that put a big responsibility on his shoulders. He got us out of a place where it looked as if it was impossible to get out alive with the coolness of an old veteran. After all that has happened we would all follow him anywhere.

I remain, your loving son,
COLIN.

Police Court News

A shooting incident in the Hill End district resulted in T. Schraeder, a German settler of that district, being arraigned before Jos. Wallace, J.P., on Thursday last. Evidence submitted tended to show that Schraeder had shot over the head of and later pointed his gun at another settler who, while driving home from town, had taken down a section of accused's fence for the purpose of passing through. On the charge of pointing a gun Schraeder was assessed $10 and costs.

Red Deer Gun Club

The following scores were made on Monday evening last:

Dr. Parsons	18-19
Fred Lund	20-20
C. Hamilton	17-22
V. Gillespie	15
Dr. McKenzie	10-9
Vic. Day	14
J. M. Campbell	19-18
Dr. Plaxton	22-24
H. Humber	7
W. R. Davis	19-21
D. A. Smith	20-22
G. B. Parker	20

The weather was very windy and cloudy, making high scores very difficult.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY

Looks Like a Big Fair This Year

The Directors of the Red Deer Agricultural Society met in the City Hall on Saturday afternoon, with President J. F. Day presiding, and the following directors present: J. E. Cunningham, W. C. Donlevy, A. P. Olsen, A. H. Trimble, S. N. Cascallen, F. W. Galbraith, W. J. Botterill, W. E. Lord, A. W. G. Allen, J. Mann, J. Beattie, E. W. Bjorkelund, F. Michener, E. Pye, J. Malcolm, D. W. McKinnon, L. Brown.

After the reading of the minutes of previous directors' meeting, correspondence was read from Canadian Aberdeen Angus Association advising of usual grant; Canadian Standard Horse Breeders' Association advising of grant of diplomas, and Farm and Ranch Review regarding advertising.

A telegram was also read from Hon. Martin Burrell, Dominion Minister of Agriculture, advising of grant of $2,560 under certain conditions.

Messrs. R. B. Wellver and President Day were appointed a committee to interview the Provincial Minister of Agriculture to make sure of our annual grant from them. Secretary was instructed to wire Live Stock Commissioner at Ottawa for information as to requirements on special grant from Dominion Government. Secretary was also instructed to communicate with Col. E. A. Cruickshanks, D.O.C. Military District No. 13 to secure use of grounds for our exhibition.

Messrs. J. E. Cunningham, James Mann and E. W. Bjorkeland were appointed a special committee to bring in a report and recommendation as to general character our exhibition of 1915 should assume, together with estimate of expenditures and receipts and to report at an adjourned meeting of the Directors at the City Hall on Saturday, June 12, at 2.30 p.m., when final arrangements will be made as to our annual exhibition.

The President and Messrs. Botterill and Wellver were appointed a committee to bring in a report as to Secretary for this year, and A. W. G. Allen was added to prize list committee. Discussion also took place as to the advisability of holding the Horticultural exhibition as part of our programme this year.

Salvation Army Lecturer Will Visit Red Deer

A very pleasant evening can be spent at the city hall on the 14th of this month if you will come to hear Lieut. Col. Chas. Taylor, Principal of the Salvation Army Training College, give a lecture entitled "Made in Canada." The Colonel is a most interesting speaker. Many have enjoyed this talk in Medicine Hat and Lethbridge. He will be in Calgary shortly, where crowds are anticipated. Mr. S. Michener, M.P.P., has kindly consented to preside for the occasion, and the officers of Red Deer are most anxious that everyone should enjoy this lecture, which is worthy of your attention and appreciation.

A collection will be taken to defray expenses. The Colonel will commence his lecture at 8 o'clock.

Sad Accident

A sad accident, whereby Harry, the ten year old son of James Rollins, who lives a few miles east of Innisfail, lost his life, occurred on Sunday morning.

It seems the little fellow went to meet Ben. Hooper, who was driving into Mr. Rollins' place, and got into his buggy at the gate. Shortly afterwards, while unhitching the horses, the boy appears to have attempted to unhook one of the traces on the side opposite from Mr. Hooper, and the horse kicked him in the right side, just below the ribs, the blow being apparently a scraping one.

Medical aid was immediately summoned from Innisfail, and everything possible done for the little sufferer, but to no avail, and he passed away on Monday evening.

The funeral took place to Innisfail cemetery on Wednesday afternoon, services being conducted by Rev. J. S. Shortt, B.A.—Innisfail Province.

Mrs. Edwin Plumb Missing

Between midnight Saturday and Sunday morning, Mrs. Edwin Plumb, living a few miles north of Red Deer, left her home, and had not been found up to yesterday. As she was scantily dressed, and had no hat on, it is feared she may have become deranged and strayed off in the bush or fell into the Blindman river running a short distance away from her home. The first thing Mr. Plumb and the children knew of her absence was when they awoke Sunday morning. The mounted police and neighbors have diligently searched, but found no trace of her up to the present time. She was ailing considerably of late, and it is thought she may have thrown herself in the river.

ROLL OF HONOR

FIFTH BATTALION.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Pte. Herbert, M. Wightwick, city.

DIED OF WOUNDS.

Pte. John Masson, Pine Lake.

VERY SERIOUSLY WOUNDED.

Major Sandeman, Pine Lake.

WOUNDED.

Lieut. D. H. A. Tozier, Alix.
Sergt.-Major Siborne, Alix.
Lance Corporal Charles Clarence Hardy, city.
Lance Corporal Archibald Hutton Brown, city.
Pte. James McGregor, city.
Pte. William Mallory, city.
Pte. Robert Z. Currie, city.
Pte. Adam Thompson, city.
Pte. J. W. Forrest, city.
Pte. John Bradley, city.
Pte. W. R. Beatson, Provost, Alta.
Pte. Arthur William Gill, Pine Lake.
Pte. Osbett Richmond Knight, Pine Lake.
Pte. N. Robinson, Alix.
Pte. William McKenzie, Winborne.
Pte. Charles Arthur Mathews, Bowden.
Pte. John Muir, Blackfalds.
Pte. Leonard Patterson, Leslieville.
Pte. Victoria Alexander Sugg, Lacombe.
Sergt. Ritson, Brooksley, Alta.
Pte. D. B. Bothamley, Lacombe.

TENTH BATTALION.

KILLED IN ACTION.

Pte. Rupert Gates, Consort.

WOUNDED.

Pte. W. J. Little, Pitcox.

William Mallory previous to enlisting was an orderly at the hospital, and Robert Currie, another of last week's casualties, was well known in the city and surrounding city, and last season played with the Fire Brigade football team. C. A. Mathews was a popular Bowden banker, and A. W. Gill, a popular farmer from the Pine Lake district. From meagre details at hand, F. Heritz, of the city, S. P. Hughes, of Brightwood, and F. C. Thompson, of Fountainstown, of the Fifth Battalion, may also be wounded.

Pte. Emerson Allingham, of Calgary, and nephew of Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Hill, was reported among the killed in Saturday's casualty list.

Aspelund-Blindman News

Nels Hedemark has left for Vancouver, where he has some property to look after, and if he can find anything in his line of work to do we will remain. He said, "I will try the coast now and see if I like that country better," but we will see Nels back soon to "Sunny Alberta."

Herman Lowe and the John Hedemark crew of bridge builders left last Wednesday for Peace River, where they have a number of bridges to build for the Government.

C. B. Eggen has taken a breaking contract from R. Fairbault. He will use his I.H.C. engine and a large plow.

The temperance meeting and lecture, conducted by Rev. Eakin from Hillsdown, last Monday, in the Aspelund school house, was a great success. An organization for that district was made, J. B. Eggen being elected President, Louise Wells Secretary-Treasurer, and L. Krause and Will Smith as canvassers of the district.

35th C.A.H.

The "A" squadron is again being recruited up to peace strength. About 100 men are required. Red Deer is the official home of the regiment, and an opportunity is now given her loyal citizens to keep up the credit that has been won for it by its gallant representatives in the trenches. The training will consist of squad and troop drill, signalling and map reading, and lectures will be given on topics of interest and value. Members are enrolled for home defence only. At present drills will be held on Wednesdays at 8 p.m. Enroll tonight.

A. R. GIBSON, Lieutenant.

College Closing Exercises

The closing exercises of the Alberta Ladies' College will be held on Friday evening, 18th of June. There will be an exhibition of the work of the students in cooking, sewing, and china painting during the afternoon and evening, and in the afternoon at 4 o'clock a students' musical recital will be held. In the evening there will be a reception and programme of music with presentation of prizes. All friends interested in the welfare of the College are cordially invited to be present.

The Red Cross committee of the I.O.D.E. beg to acknowledge work returned as follows:

Mrs. Hodgson, 2 wash cloths, 3 bed pads; Mrs. Pennington, 1 pair socks; Mrs. G. W. Greene, 1 pair socks; Mrs. W. H. Hill, 2 shirts.

An Appeal For Your Wounded Soldiers

The following extract is from letter from Dr. Gorrell, who is in charge of the Cliveden Hospital, used exclusively for Canadian soldiers:

"Thousands have passed through this hospital, and we are expecting thousands more, and we have not the necessary surgical supplies to cope with the situation. At present every bed is filled, and at the time of writing I have ten wounded lying on the floor of our dining-room. We will require more beds and old cotton and linen. I pray that the Red Cross Society of Canada will make a special effort to forward us a supply at once.

"We are practically without any of this, and there are soldiers coming in who have, instead of cotton, had to have straw used in stuffing their wounds."

Can we, as true Canadians, sit still and know of this most deplorable condition of affairs when our own flesh and blood are giving their lives for their country and honor?

Clean old cotton and linen is specially wanted. Any size will do. Also clean old woolen blankets or woolen underwear to be used for fomentation cloths.

Please notice, too, that the Red Cross Society regulations require that all linen and cotton must be boiled and thoroughly cleaned, and that woolens, too, must be absolutely clean before sending.

The Red Cross Society will be at their rooms in the City Hall on Tuesday and Friday of this week, from 2.30 until 5 p.m., to receive contributions. Any who have no means of sending in their contributions will please send word to the rooms on Friday afternoon, and the Boy Scouts will call for their parcels on Saturday.

Eckville

The Eckville cheese factory, which is being run by H. Woods, is getting good support. Mr. Woods is making cheese three days each week at Eckville, and on the alternate days at Kusamo factory. If he has the support of the dairymen Mr. Woods intends putting in a creamery later.

At the last meeting of the Eckville Camp, Modern Woodmen of America, it was decided that for the summer the Camp would only meet once a month. The second Wednesday in each month will be Camp night until September. New members always welcome.

Mr. D. Clauson has accepted a position with Sestrap Bros. and has gone to Gilby.

At a meeting of the Eckville Improvement Co., held to wind up the affairs of the Victoria Day celebration, it was decided to hold another day's celebration later, when better weather will be hoped for. No date was fixed, but it is expected that arrangements will be made to have good ball games on the day. We would phone you the exact date later only we have no telephone connection. Peculiar thing, isn't it, that such a progressive district as Eckville, and for that matter the adjoining districts, should not have the telephone? It is not because we don't need it.

Wedding Bells

KIDD—McKELVIE.

Mr. Stewart Kidd, of Nordegg, well-known in Red Deer, where he resided for some time, was married on Wednesday afternoon to Miss Robena McKelvie, of Nordegg, formerly of Broxburn, near Edinburgh, Scotland.

The ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. H. Fanning Harris. The bride, who wore a navy blue tailored suit, with a hat of Alice blue tulle, was given away by her brother, Mr. James McKelvie. The bride's sister, Miss Margaret McKelvie, who acted as bridesmaid, was similarly attired. Mr. Herbert Kidd, of Calgary, acted as groomsman.

Mr. and Mrs. Kidd left on the 5.30 train for Vancouver, via Prince Rupert. A reception had been arranged but was prevented by the change in the train schedule.

At St. Luke's Church, Red Deer, on Wednesday, June 2nd, by Rev. W. H. Fanning Harris, William Darnoigh Tomfrey, of Lacombe, to Miss Lillian Emma Wood, of Portland, Ore.

At Red Deer, on Saturday, June 5th, by the Rev. W. H. Fanning Harris, Francis Birch, of Nordegg, to Miss Esther Viola Maxwell, of Pitcox.

HOSPITAL DONATIONS FOR APRIL AND MAY.

Balmoral Ladies' Aid, 5 pillows and 1 quilt; Hospital Ladies' Aid, 2 dozen silver tea spoons, dozen silver dessert spoons, tea kettle, mixing bowl, egg lifter, pot cleaner, 2 meat roasters, pastry brush, dust brush, 2 slop pails; Anglican church, Easter lilies; Rev. F. Harris, flowers; Mrs. F. M. Hacking, magazines and 12 sealers of fruit and jelly; Mrs. McMillan, magazines; Mrs. England, magazines.

Belgian Relief Fund

Additional subscriptions to Belgian Relief Fund since we last advised you:

May 11th, Anonymous	$20.00
May 29th, Mrs. Lees	5.00
June 1st, Clearview-Springvale Institute, per Mrs. Eversole	20.00
June 4th, Grade 2, Public School, per Miss Ebert	3.50
June 4th, Anonymous	2.00

F. C. WHITEHOUSE, Secretary.

Baseball

A long single to right field by pitcher Markle in the eighth stanza of Friday evening's C.A.A.L. fixture, sending two counters across the plate, and his own tally a moment later, gave the locals a 10-7 victory, their second of the season, over Roy Trout's aggregation of ball tossers from Blackfalds. Play by both teams was at times extremely ragged and clean hitting figured in few of the scores. For the visitors Sorenson worked well behind the bat, while Hukill accepted six chances without a misplay at short, his work contrasting glaringly with the weird playing of the local representative at that position. Among the swatsmiths Bratton of the locals led with three safe bingles, one for two sacks, while Bonnick and Tecknor each contributed a single and a triple.

Being the first home league game of the season, it was opened with due ceremony, Mayor Carswell delivering the first ball in true southpaw fashion, while the Cadet Band contributed the music for the occasion.

BOX SCORE.

Red Deer—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Murphy, 2b	5	1	1	3	1	0
Bonnick, 3b	5	2	2	0	1	1
Tecknor, c	5	1	2	8	2	1
Hamley, ss	4	0	0	1	0	4
Braton, rf	4	2	3	0	0	0
Malcolm, lf	4	2	1	0	0	0
Day, 3b	4	0	0	2	0	1
Reynolds, cf	4	1	1	0	0	0
Markle, p	4	1	1	4	7	0
Totals	39	10	11	27	10	7
Blackfalds—	A.B.	R.	H.	P.O.	A.	E.
Wadey, 2b	5	2	3	1	0	1
Sorenson, c	5	0	1	5	1	0
Curry, lf	5	0	0	1	1	1
Hukill, ss	5	2	1	5	1	0
Wheeler, p	5	0	1	1	6	0
Bailey, rf	5	0	0	0	0	1
Johnson, 3b	4	0	0	2	0	0
Milliken, cf	4	1	0	1	0	0
Miller, 1b	4	2	1	10	0	2
Totals	42	7	5	24	13	6

Summary: Two-base hits, Murphy, Bratton, Malcolm; three-base hits, Bonnick, Tecknor; base on balls—off Markle 4, off Wheeler 2; struck out—by Markle 8, by Wheeler 4; hit by pitcher—by Markle 2, by Wheeler 2; wild pitches—Markle 2; passed balls—Tecknor 3; left on bases—Red Deer 5, Blackfalds 8.

Umpire, Brazier.

On Monday evening, in the weirdest exhibition witnessed by local fandom in many moons, Jimmy Mann's crew of Benedicts vanquished Manager Donlevy's C.P.R. stalwarts by a 12-9 score, thus further entrenching the lowly railroaders in the cellar position of the city league. The feature of the contest was Edgington's circuit clout to deep centre with two on in the third stanza.

Batteries: C.P.R., Ely and McFarland; Benedicts, Mann and Smith.

Bowden defeated Olds 8-0 in Friday's Central League fixture. Batteries: Bowden, Washburn and Kerr; Olds, Hamson, Perrin and Gorman.

Lacombe Sale

The sale of bulls conducted at Lacombe on Wednesday, by the Alberta Cattle Breeders' Association, was a greater success than was anticipated, despite the heavy rain that fell all day. Seventy-three bulls in all were sold at an average price of $152.53. Animals were offered by J. S. Goodwin, of Chicago, J. P. McGregor, H. J. Emmert, J. J. Ring and the Agricultural College, of Manitoba, and by J. Lindsay, J. McNabb and A. A. G. Auld, of Ontario, but by far the larger number were Alberta bred. Among local buyers were H. Benison and Greene & Payne, who purchased a fine Shorthorn bull each, and J. A. Markle, purchasing beef cattle for the Indian Reserves.

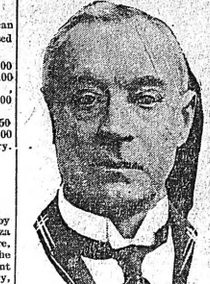
Officers Elected

At the regular meeting of Kenilworth Lodge, No. 29, A.F. & A.M., on Tuesday evening, the following officers were elected:

P.M.—Wor. Bro. J. T. Watson.
W.M.—Bro. A. R. Gibson.
S.W.—Bro. F. Turnbull.
Treasurer—Bro. G. W. Greene.
J.W.—Bro. F. Fowler.
Secretary—Wor. Bro. J. T. Watson
Chaplain—Wor. Bro. W. T. Coote.
Tyler—Bro. Wm. Burns.

The installation will take place on Tuesday evening, June 22nd, when the newly elected Grand Master, Wor. Bro. S. T. Taylor, Calgary, will be present and instal the new officers.

Lord Fisher's Successor



Admiral Sir HENRY BRADWARDINE JACKSON, F.R.S.

Named First Sea Lord of the Admiralty, in place of Admiral Lord Fisher, who resigned as a result of a disagreement with the Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, First Civil Lord. The new naval chief is known as "the cleverest man in the navy."

LIEUT. COL. MALTBY DEAD AT NEWCASTLE

After Short Illness of Pneumonia—Prominent in Life of North Shore.

Newcastle, N.B., May 28.—Colonel Richard Maltby died here last evening from pneumonia after an illness of two weeks. He was on recruiting business in the northern part of the province and caught cold, which resulted in pneumonia. He was 59 years old, and had been a member of the Newcastle Battery for upwards of 40 years, rising from the rank of gunner to that of commanding officer. He volunteered his services at the outbreak of the war, but could not be accepted on account of his age. He was made recruiting officer for this district.

For some years he was an alderman of the town, afterwards becoming Police Magistrate, a position which he held down to the present time. He was a prominent Mason and a member of the Grand Lodge.

In religion the late Col. Maltby was a prominent member of the Anglican Church, being for many years a delegate to the Synod. Since the war began he has been one of the most active members of the local branch of the Patriotic Society.

A widow, one daughter, Mrs. Mary Orr, who is now serving as a Red Cross nurse at the front, and one son, H. W. K. Maltby, associated with his father in business here, survive.

The funeral will be held on Sunday under the auspices of the Masonic order. Services will be held in the Anglican Church and interment will be made in the new cemetery.

District News

(Rocky Mountain House Guide).

While crossing a lake southeast of town on Thursday afternoon D. H. Howard and Frank Murphy were the victims of a serious accident. Mr. Murphy had placed in his gun a shell containing a double charge and fired at a loon. The gun exploded. Mr. Murphy received nasty flesh wounds in the arm and leg. Mr. Howard was struck in the leg by a piece of the gun, which penetrated deeply, but did not leave a big wound. Mr. Murphy fainted as a result of the shock and fell into the water. This, however, quickly revived him, and he succeeded in getting back into the boat. The victims were brought to town and their wounds were dressed by Dr. Bonin. They are progressing favorably.

Public Library

The following books on gardening have recently been placed on the shelves of the Library:

Home Vegetable Gardening—Lockwell, F. E.
House Plants, and How to Grow Them—Barnes, P. T.
New Creations in Plant Life—Harwood, W. S.
New Onion Culture—Griener, T.
Mushrooms: How to Grow Them—Falconer, W.
Pansies, Violas and Violets—Cuthbertson, W.

The Library gratefully acknowledges the receipt of books generously donated by the following: Mrs. Pringle, Mrs. Harry Wallace, Mrs. Pixley, Mrs. Judge Lees, Mrs. Dr. Wilson, Miss M. Cole, Mrs. K. Byers, A. J. E. Gibson.

Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations.

The sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. Applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Lands Agency or Sub-Agency for the District. Entry by proxy may be made at any Dominion Lands Agency (but not Sub-Agency), on certain conditions.

Duties—Six months residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres, on certain conditions. A habitable house is required except where residence is performed in the vicinity.

In certain districts a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section along-side his homestead. Price $3.00 per acre.

Duties—Six months residence in each of three years after earning homestead patent; also 50 acres extra cultivation. Pre-emption patent may be obtained as soon as homestead patent, on certain conditions.

A settler who has exhausted his homestead right may take a purchased homestead in certain districts Price $3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate 50 acres and erect a house worth $300.

The area of cultivation is subject to reduction in case of rough, scrubby or stony land. Live stock may be substituted for cultivation under certain conditions.

W. W. CORY, C.M.G.,
Deputy of the Minister of the Interior.

N.B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.—64388.

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FOR LOVE OF A CHUM

Designated Also as "Ad'Darling" and "Cut Up," She Had Heart of Gold.

BY GEORGE ELMER COBB.

"Don't trifle with me, Vera—I am desperately in earnest!" pleaded young Doctor Irwin.

"I'm not, Rolfe," asserted the bright-eyed, vivacious girl who leaned upon the garden gate that separated them. "I think too much of you to tell you a falsehood, and I am too young—oh, far too young, mamma says—to think of telling you the truth," and the flashing eyes looked clear and loyal, if they were mischievous.

The wholesome looking young fellow who had just asked her to become his wife, looked puzzled, then hopeful, and then he had a smile.

"I know you are the dearest, sweetest little midget of cheerfulness in the world," he declared enthusiastically, "and I am sure a good friend of mine."

"Never doubt that, Rolfe," said Vera. "But when you come to talk about becoming engaged—why, think of a romping cut-up, as everybody calls me, trying to pose as the dignified wife of Dr. Rolfe Irwin. It would shock everybody. Besides, dear," and her voice was as tender as was it honest, "with your career just commenced, I would be a drag on you. Not that I wouldn't share a crust of hard bread with the man I loved, but I am very proud of you, and I don't want to hinder you from making your mark in the world."

Doctor Irwin bestowed a fond look upon the little child-woman who was the dearest being in the universe to him. He bade her good-by, not at all gloomily, and started for his office. Vera stood following him with her eyes, a demure and thoughtful look on her usually smiling face.

"Poor boy," she said, and then she added: "I love him! I love him!" and her face vieing with the red, red roses along the garden path, she ran down it, bursting into a happy song.

Vera had called herself "a cut-up." The young men of the town designated



Stood Following Him With Her Eyes

her as "a darling," her girl friends as "a love of a chum," and there was not an adult man or woman in Brandon who did not pretty nearly worship her. Her bright ways captivated everybody, and the victims of her mischief felt honored, rather than offended.

There was the pure gold of a noble manhood in Doctor Irwin, and Vera recognized it. She had liked him the better because he had accepted a piece of real injustice without a murmur. When his grandniece, Sarah Dunn, had died, Rolfe was one of six minor heirs. They were each to receive $10,000, but it was contingent on the will and caprice of Mr. and Mrs. Egbert Dawson.

Simeon Dunn had willed all his real estate to them. They also were given a life interest in his investments. However, if mutually agreed, they could distribute these latter, pay off the minor heirs, and take a third for themselves.

This was the original intention of the husband and wife, and the lesser heirs had confidently expected their legacies. Then a terrific quarrel sprang up between them. It was regarding the old Dunn homestead. Egbert Dawson wanted this so that he might give it to a crippled brother. Sarah Dawson insisted on having it to present to a superannuated spinster relative. They could not agree; bitter feelings arose. They separated. The husband lived alone at one end of the village. The wife lived alone by herself at the other end of the village.

Egbert Dawson vowed he would never address his wife again until she spoke first. Sarah Dawson obstinately declared that not a word should escape her lips until her husband spoke. This action tied up the estate, and the minor heirs expectant considered it a far look ahead before they would enjoy the goodly heritage they had anticipated.

Egbert Dawson had become a crusty, unhappy hermit. His wife shut herself up like a recluse. There was no heart that wilful, sprightly Vera could not reach, however. Mr. Dawson doted on her, and she swayed him as if he were a child. With the same sunny influence, she was almost idolized by the lonely Mrs. Dawson. More than once Vera had tried to bring about a reconciliation between the unhappy pair, but—neither would "speak first."

"Oh, what a splendid idea!" cried Vera, an hour after the visit of her suitor. "If it is only for the sake of dear good Rolfe, I am going to try it."

Her eyes danced and her face showed eagerness and delight. Vera told her mother she was going down to see Mr. Dawson. She was soon at his home.

"I have come to ask a great favor," she told him. "You know there is going to be a mask party at the library hall next week. It is for the benefit of the old folks' home—want you to buy a ticket."

"Two of them, if you like," readily announced Mr. Dawson to his favorite.

"And I want you to go."

"No, no, child," resented Mr. Dawson gravely. "I am past the folly of dancing."

And then the little witch began her powers of beguiling. At the end of half an hour, even down to the mask he was to wear, Vera had prevailed in her coaxings.

Mrs. Dawson was not so easy to persuade. Why Vera told of the good cause she was helping along. Finally she carried her point.

"Well, I'll come, dear," promised Sarah Dawson, "but it's just to please you."

The bright little schemer had woven quite a plot about the estranged and unsuspecting husband and wife. She took great pains to conceal from each the expected appearance of both at the function. Vera enlisted the cooperation of a number of her girl friends. Everything turned out as they planned. Mr. Dawson, arrayed in his best, and his wife, wearing a tasteful silk gown, a reminder of happier days came, saw and were soon carried out to themselves amid the enjoyment of the occasion.

Shrewd and watchful Vera had kept close track of them. They had danced together twice without recognition, when the bell called for unmasking. Vera arranged it so that just after a dance, they and herself alone were the sole occupants of one of the small rooms leading off from the dance floor.

"Unmask!" she cried gaily, her eager eyes dancing with suspense and delight, and the dumfounded husband and wife confronted one another. Both had enjoyed the unusual occasion, and Vera knew it. "Quick!" she demanded, with a roguish laugh—"who spoke first?"

"I did," declared Egbert. "Sarah, you're as sweet and handsome as ever. You can have the old homestead. I reckon you and I have made each other miserable long enough, don't you?"

"Egbert," returned his wife, glad to meet him half way, "I don't care a pinch of salt for the old homestead—I just wanted to have my own will."

"Well, you've got it," observed Egbert, "so let us kiss and make up."

The Dunn estate was divided soon after that, and Doctor Irwin received his little fortune. He proceeded to offer it and his deepest love to the wonder-working little miss who had brought it all about.

(Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

HOW TO TELL A GOOD SNAIL

Feel Its Jaw if You Would Make Sure It Is Not a Base Substitute.

When you order Burgundy snails and are served with a plate of toothsome terrestrial pulmonates do you know how to tell whether they are the genuine article or the vulgar imitations technically known as "petits-gras?" asks a writer in the Paris edition of the New York Herald. It is the easiest thing in the world. All you need do is to take one of the gastropods in your fingers and examine its jawbone, much as you would study a horse's teeth, to determine its age. If the jaw is large the snail is, or was, white; if the interior of the mouth looks like a dental factory the pulmonate belonged to the gray family.

But this is not the only test. In the white snails the horns are more developed than in the gray; in some of the latter the horns are hardly perceptible, in fact. Also, the back of the white snail, when cooked, sometimes assumes a dark gray color, sometimes bluish or greenish tints. Always the colorings is even. The gray snail's back remains a grayish white, but is more or less spotted or streaked.

This is said on the authority of Mr. Vuillet, expert of the French department of agriculture, who, at the suggestion of Mr. Doux, director of scientific work in that department, has just been making some interesting tests.

The formation in Paris recently of two rival associations of small merchants revealed to the public a fraud which it appears is not uncommonly practice. Clothes may make the man, but shells do not make the snail, and "petits-gris" are sometimes placed on the market in shells which originally were worn by snails from Burgundy. Thanks to Mr. Vuillet, the connoisseur is now able to tell whether his "Burgundy" is really a wolf in sheep's clothing.

Mr. Vuillet adds that the two species appear to be equally indigestible by delicate human organisms. After all, a snail by any other name would taste as bad—or as good—according to whether you like snails or not.

Dark Room Lamp.

For photographers' use in dark rooms there has been devised a lamp carrying several different colored glasses in a wheel in front of its opening, so any colored light can be obtained when desired.

It is practical patriotism to give the preference o goods "Made-in-Canada," and it is practical self-interest as well. Your money stays in Canada—livens up Canadian trade generally—and so helps to create a prosperity in which you share.

Washing Silk Handkerchiefs

Silk handkerchiefs should be washed in a warm lather made with pure soap. This should be blued, as should the rinsing water. Roll up tightly in a cloth and iron the handkerchief between linen or they will turn yellow.

IF YOU ARE A TRADESMAN
Demand of your jobber that he give you "Made-in-Canada" products. Advertise and push merchandise made in Canada. Use "Made-in-Canada" window cards.

A BRITISH CAPTAIN ON A GERMAN BOAT

Von Weddigen Entertained Skipper on the U-29 While Sinking His Ship

"Give our respects to your Mr. Churchill." These were the last words of Captain von Weddigen of the U-29 to Captain Leonard Malley of the Ellerman liner Andalusian as the crew of the Andalusian put off from the submarine which had just completed the destruction of their vessel. Captain Malley was able to smile at the cynical bravado of Captain Weddigen as he talked to a correspondent in his home near Liverpool, sitting, with a smashed leg in splints, propped up on a chair.

"I was the last to leave my ship," he said, "and as I slid down the rope to a small boat a big wave heaved the boat up and caught me between the boat and the ship and smashed my leg." The captain of the submarine took me aboard and down into his cabin, and we sat there over cigars and port while the crew of the submarine opened the injector valve of the Andalusian and set her afire.

"They did not fire a torpedo, as Captain Weddigen said, opening a valve and setting the ship afire was a much cheaper way of getting rid of the ship. When I went aboard the submarine I thought I recognized the commander from pictures, and asked



COMMANDER OTTO WEDDIGEN

He was lost with his crew after many daring exploits.

him if he were not the man who had sunk the Aboukir, the Cressy and the Hogue.

"'The same,' he replied. 'I was commanding the U-9 then, and now I have the U-29, which is the last word in German submarine construction. We have two machine guns, instead of one, and on the surface we can catch anything up to 17 knots.'

"He was very courteous to us, and I tried to be as courteous to him, but I took the opportunity of telling him as politely as I could what I thought of German policy toward merchant shipping. He said: 'It's our duty, but at the same time we don't want to take civilian lives. It's ships we want.'

"He seemed greatly distressed that there should be war, but considered it inevitable. 'It's an awful business,' he said, 'but I hope it will soon be over. England and Germany ought to be allies, not enemies.'

"While I was below with the commander the crew of the Andalusian was massed on deck of the submarine with two sailors each with two revolvers standing guard over them. One of the officers of the submarine passed cigars around among the Andalusian's crew and they had to stand there on the deck of the submarine for nearly an hour and watch their own vessel in a couple hundred yards away burning to the water's edge. Finally we were all put in our own boats and transferred to a French barkentine, which in turn put us aboard a British ship that landed us at St. Mary's."

Captain Von Weddigen was officially reported lost with his whole crew shortly after this exploit.

OLD-TIME RECRUITING

When our ancestors wished to obtain recruits for the army they issued posters which painted pleasing pictures of the gay life of a soldier, and endeavors were made to round up laggards by promises of cheap beer and the possibility of marrying an heiress. Here are two typical recruiting announcements which decorated the walls of English cities one hundred years ago:

"WANTED, ABLE SUBSTITUTES

To serve in the 52nd Battalion of Militia for three years. Commanded by the worthy Lord George Sutton, and now quartered in the delightful and plentiful Town of Kingston-upon-Hull, where excellent ale is sold at only

3d. THE FULL QUART

and 5d. fish of the best quality at 1d. the pound."

Another advertisement issued in 1801, by the colonel commanding the Light Dragoons, says:

"You will be mounted on the finest horses in the world, with superb clothing and richest accoutrements. Your pay and privileges are equal to two guineas a week. Your society is courted. You are admired by the fair, which, combined with the chance of getting swished to a buxom widow or brushing with a rich heiress, renders the situation truly enviable and desirable.

"Young men out of employment, there is a tide in the affairs of men which, taken at the flood, leads on to fortune. Nick it."

A Russian's Fish Story

A wounded officer who arrived at Petrograd from the front recounted an amusing instance of the benefits of teetotalism. The commander of a company ordered 800 casks of spirit found in a captured German village to be poured into a fish pond. The fish became intoxicated and floated to the surface, where they fell an easy prey to the Russian soldiers. The supply lasted some days.

HIS WELL LAID PLOT

Young Doctor Cures Patient of Hallucination While Winning a Wife.

BY GERTRUDE MARY SHERIDAN.

Mrs. Susan Roberts was a chronic invalid. She knew it herself. She had influenced the more impressible of her friends with the conviction. As to her devoted but unfortunate husband, whatever his opinion he fully realized that she was making home life about as wretched and uninviting as it could well be.

When had started well and healthy Mrs. Roberts on the downward road to despair and dissolution, was the visit to the town of a quack. This irresponsible individual scattered a pamphlet describing his nostrums and dwelling gravely upon the dangers of "wasting away." Just at that time Mrs. Roberts had lost ten pounds. It was warm weather that had reduced her flesh, and when she began to worry over her fancied ailments she lost ten more.

Young Dr. Allen was called in. At the outset he told his patient that there was nothing in the world the matter with her. It was of no avail. She adopted all the languor and selfpity of a confirmed invalid. She mourned over the ultimate bereavement of her husband.

"If Lucy Day was only married off," she was won to say lugubriously," I would rest more easily in my grave from a sense of duty done."

Dear Lucy! the saving grace of the situation. She was pretty as a picture, and loved company and pleasure as well as any live healthy Miss of eighteen. She felt great gratitude, however, towards the aunt, who had taken care of her since she had been left an orphan. She had learned to take most of the household work on her own young willing shoulders when her aunt was well. When her fancied ailments came upon her there were added the duties of a patient, untiring nurse.

Lucy therefore had little time to think of beaux or parties. As to love, her practical life banished romance. It was true she had flushed and her heart beat a trifle faster when, in assisting Dr. Allen to prepare a bandage for her aunt, their hands met and he gave her a kindly smile. Later he had invited her to a local entertainment.



Had to Listen to a New List of Symptoms.

"I dare not leave my aunt, Dr. Allen, she said plainly. "Only make her well, and it would be a great pleasure to accompany you."

Dr. Allen looked at her as though he cherished the promise. Their friendly intimacy grew stronger after that, and Lucy was glad whenever the doctor came to the house.

One day Dr. Allen met John Roberts on the street. He had not called on his patient for several days, and he naturally asked her husband how his wife was getting along.

"Poorly, doctor, very poorly," replied John gloomily. "Declares the end is pretty close. She has lost five pounds more, won't eat because it distresses her, and now she insists she is losing the use of her limbs."

"Indeed, how is that?" questioned the doctor.

"Fell over a chair and lamed her foot. It's pretty well bruised, but she says a foot doesn't count when her whole system is going to pieces."

A speculative look came into the doctor's face. He smiled slightly and his eyes brightened.

"See here, Roberts," he observed briskly, "we've got to circumvent that quack who put such nonsense into your wife's head."

"But how can we do it?" submitted John doubtingly.

"The opportunity has arrived," pronounced the doctor confidently. "Somehow we have got to get your wife's mind away from her hobby. The bruised foot will do it."

"What do you mean?"

"This evening insist on calling me up, telling her you are worried about that foot, but don't let her know you told me about it."

"All right," agreed the pestered husband, but hopelessly.

Dr. Allen arrived at the Roberts home that night to find the invalid occupying her customary couch downstairs. He had to listen to a new list of symptoms. Mrs. Roberts declared that in walking about she had stumbled over a stool. She doubted not that she was losing the use of her limbs. The doctor finally got to the point of inspecting the injured foot.

The grave way his face drew down at once attracted his patient's attention. She became interested as he pronounced the mystic words "pedalic obstruction of the oblongata," then alarmed as he said seriously:

"This is a vital case, Mrs. Roberts. Your foot must receive the most careful treatment."

"Why, doctor," flurried the invalid, "it scarcely pains me."

"That may be due to the deadening effect of a local poison in the blood," advised the crafty and scheming practitioner. "I shall have to poultice and bandage it. You must not expose it to the air. If there is further discoloration, it may indicate a grave complication."

Dr. Allen opened the medicine case. He saturated a bandage with some specially prepared liquid. His face expressed some satisfaction as he left his patient worrying over all kinds of new trouble.

"We've got her mind on the foot," he whispered to Roberts as he left the house. "Keep it there and we'll outwit the 'wasting away' hallucination."

When Dr. Allen came the next morning and uncovered the bruised foot Mrs. Roberts nearly fainted away. It was black as ink to the ankle. Then there was a great ado. More scientific long-sounding words, renewed injunctions as to its care. Inside of two days Mrs. Roberts had forgotten all her wandering aches and pains. The doctor nursed her fears. He hinted at a possible operation.

"Doctor Allen, isn't it a little cruel to keep up this farce?" remonstrated the gentle-hearted Lucy one day.

"What! When I am satisfied that it will lead to your accepting that invitation of mine?" smiled the doctor. "Why, my dear little friend, your aunt is eating anything and everything to counteract 'the toxic influence of that oblongata,' isn't she? That's all she needed—good solid nourishment. She was simply on the verge of a nervous breakdown. When I get through with that foot she will be her old hearty self once more. Then—"

Dr. Allen looked meaningly—lovingly—at the brave little nurse, and Lucy's pretty pink cars tingled.

One day the doctor placed a metallic strip in the bandage around his patient's foot. When he took it out the next morning he dropped it into some liquid. It hissed and sizzled, as he intended. Some more scientific hocus pocus. Then he washed off the coloring and said the toxin was all out of his patient's system.

"You are a well woman—get weighed," he advised.

When Mrs. Roberts tipped the scales at 165 pounds, showing her loss regained and five pounds to the good, she screamed in joyful hysterics. Then she laughed, danced, and—no more wasting away!

Dr. Allen made a call—not professional this time—on his patient next day.

"Mrs. Roberts," he said, "you used to worry a good deal because Lucy wasn't married off, do you remember?"

"Why—yes," she admitted, wondering what was coming next.

"Well, I want to take her off your hands," smiled the doctor. "We are engaged, and that 'change' I ordered for you can include a pleasant shopping trip to the city, selecting her wedding trousseau."

(Copyright, 1913, by W. G. Chapman.)

HAD TO RELY ON HIMSELF

None Supported the Young Man Who Proved He Lacked Self-Reliance.

There was once a young man who felt that he needed help. When he was poor in spirit and saw that he must needs prove himself he comforted himself by saying: "This is my own town and here are my neighbors and acquaintances. Their good will must bear me up."

And he leaned on them, but they were as a broken reed under him. They did not support him, writes Marguerite O. B. Wilkinson in the Craftsman. Then he said: "I will go to my best friend, who is a very powerful man. Surely he will carry me through."

But his best friend gave him only sympathy, and it was easy to see that by the very giving of that sympathy doubt was augmented. And the young man called his best friend a traitor and left him, for he could not win his support. And then the young man said: "I will go to those of my own blood, my family, and they will be my strong staff on which to lean. Surely they will not leave me in the lurch."

But though his family offered him much advice and a little money, they did not support him, nor did they encourage him. And he left them sadly. And, finally, because he could think of no one else who would be likely to help him, he sought out the Sage Who Never Slumbers and told his tale disconsolately. And he did everything that could be done for the young man, for he said:

"None will bear you up or carry you though because you are not sufficient for yourself. Why should they have confidence in you when you have more confidence in them than in yourself? What else have you but yourself to guarantee your undertakings? Rely on your own strength, support yourself!"

Individuals do Not Count

Units, individuals cannot count in this war, for remember we are writing a new page of history and an extract from the letter of a young British officer, since killed at the front.

Future generations cannot be allowed to read the decline of the British Empire and attribute it to us! We live our little lives and die. To some is given the chance of proving themselves men, and to others no chance comes! Whatever our individual faults, virtues or qualities may be it matters not, but when we are up against big things, let us forget individuals, and let us act as one great British unit—united and fearless! Some will live and many will die, but count the loss naught! It is better far to go out with honor than to survive with shame!

New French Propeller.

Two French engineers have patent ed a propeller with the blades extending far forward and back of the hub and so shaped that the water is not churned and no vacuum is formed around the hub.

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Calgary Wells Yield Considerable Oil

The 24th of May is a public holiday in Canada, and about two hundred automobile loads of Calgary citizens took advantage of the occasion to motor out to the oil fields about forty miles south west of the city. Their reports of conditions there are very encouraging. One well was found to be producing at the rate of about 150 barrels of oil daily, by means of baling. When pumps are installed, which is to be within the next few days, it is believed the production can be increased to 300 barrels daily. There is at present about twelve hundred feet of oil in the well, and it is said to be rising faster than it can be baled out. The oil is of exceptionally good quality, and an interesting feature about the Calgary field is that many farmers who have gasoline engines, either stationary or tractors, go direct to the wells to buy their supplies of fuel.

Oats, 100 Bushels to The Acre

Here is what Theodore P. Jacobsen, a farmer of Daysland, Alberta, has to say about the productiveness of the soil of this province: "We do not overestimate the fertility of the soil when we say that a farmer can raise 60, 80 or 100 bushels of oats to the acre, oats which will weigh from 44 to 48 lbs. to the bushel, nor when we say that three tons of good hay to the acre can be cut on the prairie. These are facts which we have found to be absolutely correct.

"When we then consider the prices we are getting and expect to get for our products, for grain as well as for our cattle, and what they produce, I cannot see why an honest man who does his best should not prosper although he may have but small means to start with. Other people have done it, why should not you and I?

"One of my neighbors told me that when he commenced farming here, about nine years ago, he started with $25 cash and one cow, and that was all he had. Now he possesses three quarter-sections of land, fifty head of cattle, sixteen head of horses, thirty head of hogs, farm machinery and other things needed. Others have done even better than he. They had many a hardship to deal with, more difficulties to overcome than we will have from now on.

"Another thing which I have found is very good and helpful people, who are willing to give a man a lift when he needs it. This counts a lot with us whose means are, in many cases, quite limited.

"With these and many other good advantages, I firmly believe that this country, with its many resources, is worth a trial by you and me. Come and see and be convinced."

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Total Assets, over	- -	80,000,000

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F. M. HACKING, Mgr. RED DEER BRANCH.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

General Change of Train Service

(Effective May 31st, 1915)

Full particulars from all local Agents.

SPECIAL NOTE:

Trains one and two, "Imperial Limited," will not carry day coaches between Winnipeg and Revelstoke, and only passengers holding sleeping car accommodation can travel between these and intervening points on these trains.

District Passenger Agent, Calgary

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of The Irrigation Act, the Canadian Northern Western Railway Company have filed the necessary memorial and plans required by Sections 13 and 15 of the said Act, with the Commissioner of Irrigation at Calgary, Alta.

The applicant company applies for the right to divert one-tenth of one cubic foot of water per second from a creek at a point on the South-east quarter of Section 32, Township 38, Range 1, West of the 5th Meridian, for industrial purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the memorial and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said industrial purposes, in the Company's tanks, engines and buildings situated at Sylvan Lake, Alta.

DATED at Winnipeg, Man., this 17th day of May, 1915.

CANADIAN NORTHERN-WESTERN RAILWAY COMPANY,
By Clark & Jackson, its Solicitors.
Applicants.

May 26, 6w.

Province Will Benefit by Prohibition

To the Editor of The News.

Dear Sir,—A shameful advertisement is being widely circulated in the press by the whiskey ring misrepresenting the Liquor Act, stating that the loss of revenue from the bar would ruin the province.

Prohibition will bring prosperity, for when people stop spending money for booze, and buy instead food, clothing and other comforts, the highways of commerce will so throng with eager buyers seeking goodly merchandise that there will be abundant revenue, and the increased efficiency of the workers will so increase the receipts for family supplies that happiness and home comforts will abound.

The revenue received by the province for the privilege of selling booze is only a small part of the money wasted in buying the booze.

Yes, the liquor seller does pay a revenue to the province. But how does he do it?

Out of every hundred dollars he receives, he hands over fifty cents of revenue, and robs the community of ninety-nine dollars and fifty cents, for he gives no value to his customer.

The booze seller is not a booster, but a waster.

After we vote Alberta dry, the men who now patronize the bar will be able to earn so much more every week that they will be able to pay their share of the revenue, and still have more than they had before they left off boozing, for they will have for their family what the barkeeper keeps for himself.

The merchants, too, will sell so much more goods that they can afford to make up the revenue now got from the bar, and still have a good profit.

AN INTERESTED CITIZEN.

C. P. R. Time Table

Change 1st of June.

GOING NORTH—

Arrives at 3.25	Leaves at 3.35
Arrives at 11.40	Leaves at 11.50
Arrives at 17.30	Leaves at 17.40

GOING SOUTH—

Arrives at 3.55	Leaves at 4.05
Arrives at 11.10	Leaves at 11.20
Arrives at 17.55	Leaves at 18.05

ALBERTA CENTRAL—

Leaves Red Deer at 13.30 o'clock, Monday, Wednesday and Friday.

Due at Red Deer 10.45 Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday.

Socialist Lecture

Mr. James B. Osborne, the California blind orator, delivered a lecture in the Orange Hall on Wednesday evening to a small but appreciative audience, on "Crime and Poverty, Their Cause and Cure."

The speaker compared the change of view in regard to the nature of crime and poverty with that regarding insanity. A hundred years ago, he said, insanity was thought to be a visitation of providence, a punishment. It was now recognized as a social disease, and treated accordingly. Similarly, he said, crime and poverty were not now looked upon as purely personal matters so much as they used to be, but were considered and treated as the results of fundamental faults in our local system. The only way to remove these manifestations of social disease was to remove the disease itself. He then proceeded to an analysis of the social cause of poverty, the exploitation of the mass of the people by the wages system. He condemned representative and prohibitory legislation as a futile attempt to deal with symptoms while leaving untouched the fundamental disease which produced them.

Questions being invited, there was a pretty free discussion of some of the points raised, which quite naturally turned largely on the question of prohibition, now so much in the public mind.

While in the city Mr. Osborne wired to Edmonton an acceptance of "Catch-My-Pal" Patterson's challenge to a debate on the prohibition question. This will probably be held in the northern city.

Prices of Live Stock

Following were prices of live stock at leading Canadian and American markets on the dates mentioned:

Thursday, May 20th—
Calgary, hogs $8.32, cattle $8.25.
Montreal, hogs $10.00, cattle $9.50.
Chicago, hogs $7.65, cattle 6.90-9.00.

Friday, May 21st—
Calgary, hogs $8.35, cattle $8.35.
Toronto, hogs $9.85, cattle $9.50.
Chicago, hogs $7.65, cattle 6.90-9.00.

Saturday, May 22nd—
Calgary, hogs $8.35, cattle $8.25.
Chicago, hogs $7.55, cattle 6.90-9.30.
St. Paul, hogs $7.20, cattle $7.75.

Monday, May 24th—
Public Holiday (Victoria Day).

Tuesday, May 25th—
Calgary, hogs $8.40, cattle $8.25.
Winnipeg, hogs $8.75, cattle $8.75.
St. Paul, hogs $7.25, cattle $8.50.

Wednesday, May 26th—
Calgary, hogs $8.50, cattle $8.35.
Winnipeg, hogs $8.75, cattle $8.75.
Chicago, hogs $7.70, cattle 7.00-9.30.

Time Table For Public School Grading Exams.

June 8th (Tuesday)—Literature and Composition.
June 11th (Friday)—Nature and Agriculture.
June 14th (Monday)—Geography.
June 16th (Wednesday)—Drawing.
June 18th (Friday)—Grammar.
June 21st (Monday)—Music.
June 23rd (Wednesday)—History and Civics.
June 25th (Friday)—Arithmetic.

Grain Prices

The following grain prices were quoted on the days mentioned. Calgary prices are for grain at Calgary, Winnipeg prices are for grain in store at Fort William or Port Arthur:

Thursday, May 20th—
Calgary, wheat $1.42, oats .54.
Winnipeg, wheat $1.58½, oats 62½.

Friday, May 21st—
Calgary, wheat $1.43, oats .54½.
Winnipeg, wheat $1.58½, oats .62½.

Saturday, May 22nd—
Calgary, wheat $1.41½, oats .58.
Winnipeg, wheat $1.58, oats .63.

Monday, May 24th—
Public Holiday (Victoria Day).

Tuesday, May 25th—
Calgary, wheat $1.41½, oats .58.
Winnipeg, wheat $1.58, oats .63½.

Wednesday, May 26th—
Calgary, wheat $1.39½, oats .58.
Winnipeg, wheat $1.55½, oats .62½.

Flax during the week ranged from 175½ to 179 at Winnipeg, and barley from 70 to 71.

British Captain Blown Off Feet by Explosion

Chatham, Eng., June 3.—Capt. Jenkins, of the steamer Saidieh, which was torpedoed, Tuesday, in the North Sea, with a loss of seven of her crew, appeared before the coroner's inquest, last night.

"I was on the bridge," Capt. Jenkins testified. "The force of the explosion blew me off my feet, and when I regained my position I saw a hundred yards away the periscope of a submarine.

"I blew the whistle, summoning the crew to the boats, but seven of them, engineers and firemen, who were in the stokehold, had no time to reach the boats and went down with the ship, which sank in a few minutes. Something went wrong with the launching of No. 3 boat. Those in it fell into the water, but all were rescued. A stewardess, who was in this boat, died later from shock."

Notice to Creditors

In the estate of William Smith, late of near the city of Red Deer, deceased.

Notice is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late William Smith, who died on the 1st day of March, A.D., 1906, are required to send to The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, on or before the 19th day of July, 1915, a full statement of their claims and of any securities held by them, duly verified, and that after that date the said Company will proceed to distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been filed with the said The Trusts and Guarantee Company, Limited, the Administrators of the said estate.

Dated at Calgary this 31st day of May, A.D., 1915.

THE TRUSTS AND GUARANTEE COMPANY, LIMITED,
Calgary, Alberta.
H. A. Howard, Manager.
GREENE & PAYNE,
Solicitors for the Said Company.
June 2, 3w.

To Jacob Staudinger:

TAKE NOTICE that an action has been commenced against you and John Maki by the Bank of Montreal, in the District Court of the District of Red Deer, in which the said Plaintiff claims payment of the sum of $300.00 and interest at seven per cent. per annum on a certain promissory note dated the 12th of April, 1913, payable to John Abrahamson or order and by him endorsed to the Plaintiff.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that you are required to file and serve a defence thereto or file and serve a notice of demand with the Clerk of this Court at Red Deer on or before the 16th day of July, 1915, pursuant to the order of His Honor W. A. D. Lees, Judge of the District Court, dated the 31st day of May, 1915.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that unless you file and serve the said defence or demand of notice on or before the said date judgment may be signed against you by default.

GREENE & PAYNE,
Solicitors for the Plaintiff.
June 2, 3w.

FREE! At McLean's FREE!

WE BUY FOR CASH - - WE SELL FOR CASH

IN taking over the Slingsby stock, of Calgary, we have been able to secure for our customers in Red Deer some very fine Glassware at a remarkably low price, and are going to GIVE IT AWAY to every customer purchasing an order of $1.00, $2.00, $3.00, $5.00 & $10.00

Commencing Thursday, June 10th, continuing for 10 Days only

Don't miss this chance of getting some Glassware for your home.

There are Berry Bowls, Sugar Bowls, Cream Pitchers, Mustard Dishes, Butter Dishes, Cheese Dishes, Plates, Tumblers, Cake Dishes, Etc., Etc.

All this Glassware will be given away with orders for anything in the store, except SUGAR.

THESE GOODS WILL BE DISPLAYED IN OUR GROCERY WINDOW

McLEAN'S BUSY STORE

RED DEER - ALBERTA

SUMMER GOODS

Orangeade Powder

A 15c. bottle makes 6 quarts of a very pleasant summer drink—great for picnics.

Grape Juice, 35c. bottle
Lime Juice, 35c., 50c. & 60c.
Lemonade Powder, 15c.

Scout Fly Swatters

Bound with felt ; won't scratch furniture or glass,
10c. each

K. A. G.

Prevents fly breeding in garbage. A month's supply—
For only 15c.

THE STANDARD DRUG CO.
"Prescription Store"
PHONE 49—if you cannot call

The News
RED DEER ALBERTA

Published Every Wednesday Morning at The News Block, Gaetz Ave. South.
Subscription $1.00 per year if paid in advance.
$1.50 if not paid inadvance.

ADVERTISING RATES ON APPLICATION.

JNO. A. CARSWELL,
Editor and Proprietor.

WEDNESDAY, JUNE 9th, 1915.

A COALITION GOVERNMENT.

Since a coalition government was formed in Great Britain, suggestions have been made that a similar government should be formed in Canada. If such a government should be formed, then Sir Wilfrid Laurier would have to be excluded from it, the Toronto News contends, as Lord Haldane was excluded in the Old Land. Lord Haldane had a lamb-like confidence in the German Kaiser and was utterly misled by the hypocrisy of the German people, therefore public opinion demanded and enforced his exclusion from the new cabinet. Sir Wilfrid Laurier said the policy of the Borden government was not justified. He said there was no emergency. He said the whole scheme was engineered by interested parties. He had unbounded confidence in the Emperor of Germany. He has, therefore, like Lord Haldane, been a bad adviser for the Empire, and he would have to be excluded from a coalition government.

The Toronto News, in comparing the case of Lord Haldane and Sir Wilfrid Laurier, says :

It will be remembered that only two years ago the pacifists in the British Liberal party attempted to force a reduction in naval and military expenditures. If they did not succeed it was because Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey understood that in any actual test of strength in Parliament they would have the united and loyal support of the Unionist party. If they did not succeed it was because Mr. Asquith and Sir Edward Grey knew that submission would mean the eclipse of Great Britain and the destruction of the Empire. But in this crisis Mr. Asquith and British Unionists drew no support from Sir Wilfrid Laurier and the Liberal Opposition in the Canadian Parliament. The Liberal newspapers of Canada, the Liberal politicians of Canada, and the Senate of Canada, in loyal devotion to Sir Wilfrid Laurier, gave their utmost support to the group in British politics who were the playthings of Germany and would have left Great Britain helpless before its powerful and unscrupulous adversary. Now that we know something of Germany's desperate purpose, of her amazing preparations for war, of her bitter hatred of England, of her contempt for international law and brutal disregard for the elementary decencies of civilization, we are not surprised that Haldanes are distrusted, and excluded from Imperial Councils.

It is not suggested that Lord Haldane and his associates were guilty of any deliberate treason. Nor is it suggested that Sir Wilfrid Laurier and his allies in the Commons and the Senate were disloyal when they paraded as the apologists for Germany or are now insincere when they consent to the despatch of Canadian armies to Europe. But we believe they misrepresented the masses of the Liberal party. Either through desperate partisanship or culpable ignorance, they assisted to weaken the Empire for the tremendous contest in which it is now engaged. Because the British Empire was so inadequately prepared for a war which it could not escape, thousands of lives will be lost and millions of treasure spent unnecessarily. For this, those British statesmen who trusted and glorified Germany and made preparation for the great struggle difficult, cannot escape responsibility. Moreover, if public opinion in Great Britain requires Lord Haldane's exclusion from the Imperial Cabinet, public opinion in Canada is not likely to recall Sir Wilfrid Laurier to office, either as member of a coalition Government or as the head of a Liberal Administration.

MERCHANTS BANK OF CANADA

The annual statement of the Merchants Bank of Canada, published in another column, shows this institution to be in an unusually sound condition. As was to be expected, while earnings are not as large as previous years, against this the cash holdings have increasd 100 per cent. and liquid assets 33 per cent. although the increase in liabilities to the public has been less than 5 per cent. Strengthening reserves is not conducive to increased earnings, yet, while reserves have been strengthened, the Merchants Bank is a generous lender.

A year ago, with deposits aggregating about $59,000,000, its current loans and discounts in Canada were approximately $56,500,000. Compared with this the present statement shows an increase in deposits of about $3,500,000, and a decrease in current loans of over $6,010,000.

Naturally, these conditions have had the effect of reducing the profits, showing a decrease of $223,263, on the paid up capital and reserve fund or present earnings of 7.4 per cent. against over 8½ per cent. for the previous year.

For the year ending April 30, 1915, the bank held $15,425,947 in current coin and Dominion notes, against $7,856,405 in 1914, equal to 21.5 per cent. of the bank's liabilities to the public. In addition it had $1,000,000 in the Central Gold Reserve with no counterbalancing item. Adding the latter deposit with the statutory deposit for circulation fund, etc., the bank had readily available for assets $33,421,571 equal to 46 per cent. of les liabilities to the public. A year ago the proportion of cash assets to public liabilities was 11.5 per cent., of liquid assets 36.9 per cent.

RED DEER NOW HAS TWO MAYORS.

The Vegreville Observer thus refers editorially to the loss of their Mayor :

For the first time in Vegreville's history a mayor of the town is not completing his term of office. We have had several mayors, some of whom disappeared voluntarily at the end of their term, while others vanished by way of the ballot box, but Mayor Maxwell will be the first to relinquish office in the middle of the term. At that it must be remembered that Mr. Maxwell is still mayor of Vegreville, although it seems rather anomalous to have our mayor residing a Red Deer. It is most unfortunate for the town that his superiors in the head office of the Merchants Bank should have thus peremptorily seized our Mayor and transferred him to Red Deer without giving us a chance to head off their nefarious scheme. Mayor Maxwell was just nicely settling into the job and getting the strings of the office into his hands, when his orders to move came along.

THE IMMORTAL STORY OF LANGEMARCK

CHEERED AMID THE GROANS OF WOUNDED

Man Who Was Promoted From Rank of Paymaster to Command of a Battalion For His Work at Langemarck Tells Wonderful Story of Battle

Lieut.-Col. Percy A. Guthrie, the new commander of the 10th Battalion, Canadians, sends the following description of the battle of Langemarck—perhaps the most complete one to reach Canada. The story of the battle is a sort of diary written as letters to his wife at Fredericton, N. B. Lieut.-Col. Guthrie was formerly Paymaster of the 12th Battalion, but at his earnest request was permitted to go into action at Langemarck, where his gallantry won for him a unique promotion from Paymaster to Lieutenant-Colonel of a regiment, the first time such a promotion has been made in the British army. Lieut.-Col. Guthrie, who is yet under thirty, was elected Conservative member for the New Brunswick Legislature for York to succeed Hon. H. F. McLeod, who entered the Federal Parliament. Advices to Ottawa yesterday reported that he has been wounded.

In his letter, Lieut.-Col. Guthrie tells how, on the morning of April 23, he and Capt. Costigan started for the firing line to join the 10th Battalion. They secured the loan of a motor car and "it was a merry ride." The letter continues :

"We had to pass through a portion of the 'Shelled City'—Ypres. No shells dropped while we passed through. As we came to the house where I had been billeted, I decided to try and get my kit. I managed to climb through the ruins and rescue most of it. Also quite a lot of Major Lightfoot's. These left with the chauffeur to be taken back for me to Divisional Headquarters. Oh, what a scene presented itself as we passed along! Not a single house left intact. Great yawning holes in the streets, impassible because of fallen walls and trees. Among the debris everywhere, shattered and distorted, looking up to Heaven with horror on their faces, were the bodies of men, women and children, representing the last word in modern scientific and barbarous warfare, as per the advanced ideas of Germany.

BATTLE WAS RAGING.

"When we left the city we proceeded straight towards the advanced lines of trenches along a shell-swept road. Jack Johnsons tore up great holes near the road, and on two occasions the car was hit by shrapnel. We reached a little village—since laid in ruins—and then badly shattered, and as the road was torn up in front, we left the auto. We crouched in a building with some English troops, as we did not wish to cross in our direction just then on account of aircraft, and giving away our hill position. A battle was raging on our left, the continuation of the battle that started in the night before, and across the fields in extended order our Canadian Scottish Regiments were hastening to reinforce the firing line. They were being cruelly shelled and some got hit. Just a little distance from us two fell, and Costigan and myself, with two English troopers of a battery, rushed out and picked them up. They were heavy chaps and it was a long carry, but we got them to the first dressing station after many narrow escapes. Costigan's man was dead on arrival, but my chap was not seriously injured, and will come around.

"After a bit we made a detour to the right of a battery of our guns, and as we passed over a ridge a few snipers got after us. We took cover from the hail of lead in an old gun emplacement, and the Germans, thinking we had gone into the battery they had been searching for, opened up on us and gave us about 200 shells. Knowing that we were fooling the Germans and wasting their ammunition, we lay close, while our battery, not being disturbed, pounded away.

"After a time we saw an old man run out of a hedge and stand about 100 yards back of the battery, and point in that direction. No German shells dropped while he was there. It was exactly 6.30 p.m. I got his name and covered him with my rifle and brought him in. He was very frightened. We kept him until dusk and took him with us when we went to report to General Turner, where we handed him over with a statement. What happened to him can be guessed at. Just about fifteen minutes after he had pointed to the guns, shells dropped all round our battery. This gives an idea of the completeness of the German spy system.

"After reporting to the H. Q. 3rd Brigade, we proceeded to join the 10th Battalion in the advanced line of trenches. We went in with the ration party and had to keep dodging all the time. These were the trenches taken by the 10th in the gallant charge of the night before. Most of the officers had fallen. Only five or six remained and about —— men. This remnant of the battalion was now under command of Major Ormond, with Capt. Arthur as second in command, and Lieut. Knowles, Critchle and Glandfield. Just after we got into the trenches, I left Costigan with Major Ormond and I was posted on the extreme left. The trenches were newly dug and not very good. We were crouched down in the mud to get as much protection as possible from the almost constant fire.

NO TIME TO AID WOUNDED.

"I soon began to realize the seriousness of the situation. A wood extended almost to our trenches through which the enemy could attack. The night was dark, and we had no wire entanglements. On both sides of this trench the fighting had taken place the night before. Back of our trench lay in heaps the dead of the 10th, who had gone down the night before in the taking of this trench. Ahead lay in heaps the dead of the 10th who had charged into the wood, and the Germans they had killed. Many wounded men who had lain out since the charge begged for water or for the stretchers. During the night many were removed, but quite a few remained. Our ranks being rhinned, we dare not spare a man to help the wounded. There in the darkness we crouched, while over our heads whistled the bullets, and the cries of those poor wounded comrades, mingled with the cries of the wounded Germans, came steadily to our ears. We could not help them : our job was to hold that trench.

A CLOSE ENGAGEMENT.

"Three times during the night the enemy came rushing upon us, determined to regain that which they had lost the night before. Then we would stand up over our parapets and work our rifles for all we were worth. The advancing line in each case crumpled and broke and the dead and dying continued to swell the heap of bodies from the night before. Dawn came at last, and with it the last charge. As I fired into the advancing horde, I felt a chug in the head and sometime afterwards discovered that a bullet had grazed my scalp, taking a piece of hair, and leaving a nice little hole in my cap. It was a bad night for us, but we held our trench, and just at daybreak we got orders to report to our own brigade H. Q. and our places would be taken by the 16th. In the breaking dawn it was a weird sight, I can assure you. Here you would see a hand rising up now and then in a mute appeal for help, there you could notice a head lift itself slightly from the ground and look toward the trenches, and everywhere the mute and seemingly countless dead lay in all manner of positions—the last of the brave ones, who had done their duty unflinchingly for King and flag. God bless them, they lie there yet unburied, as the enemy in this war will allow no opportunity to give the brave fallen soldier a known resting place.

SATURDAY, APRIL 24th.

ENEMY DISCOVERS MOVE.

"I left off my narrative where we had received orders to report to our own brigade, H. Q. This was just after daybreak. On account of our having such a busy time during the night, we did not get our rations and water served out, so we had to leave without them. We were being taken to reinforce the 8th Battalion in another part of the field, some distance away, and it was a hurry order. We had to crawl back through a field, with no protection except being somewhat hid by wild mustard. The Germans got on to our move and soon turned their machine guns on to that mass of crawling men and they got quite a few of us. Several dropped next to me. At the edge of the field was a hedge for which we all treaded. I got into a dead furrow leading that way and kept well out of sight. I found quite a few dead men out of my way to get along. Soon we reached the hedge, and then we had about a mile to go to get to the 3rd Brigade H. Q. from which we would have to go to 2nd Brigade H. Q. Dodging along pathways, across fields, and dropping into ditches on we went, while shrapnel burst overhead, taking its toll now and then. Mr. Knowles joined us on the way, but before we got to 3rd Brigade H. Q. he and Glanfield had dropped by the wayside to look after some wounded. They afterwards made a short cut and joined the 10th by another route. I had forty-two men left with me and all but two were kept by the 3rd Brigade, while I hurried on to report at 2nd Brigade H. Q. and thence to join Ormond and the 10th at 2nd Brigade H. Q. Gen. Currie gave me instructions to pick up all the stragglers I could and take along. This I did and wherever I saw a man who was lost from his company I lined him up and made for the hill with my little army to join the 10th.

TORNADO OF FIRE.

"Just as I got to the position occupied by our men there was a tornado of artillery fire, such as I don't believe the world has seen. The men were literally blown from their trenches. The wounded straggled down over the hills to the dressing station or lay groaning with their pain. The gas shells used by the Germans made great gaps in our ranks. Men with distorted poisoned faces struggled on the ground. Machine guns played upon us and shrapnel burst overhead. Some portions of the trenches were wiped out altogether by the gas. Not being able to stand the poison the line gave way in a few places and the men doggedly retired, fighting, to the next trenches. They were followed by rifle, machine guns and artillery. The air was absolutely full of whistling bullets and shrieking, whistling and crashing shells.

"The coolness and heroism of our Canadian officers is beyond compare, the bravery of our men can never be surpassed.

"As we were blown out of one position, we immediately took up another, and then, mad and dazed, we would charge back again up the hill in the face of very hell. After a few hours' fighting back and forth we began to get messed up somewhat. Behind me, as we charged up the hill in the early afternoon, I had no less than four regiments represented. Major Ormond, while rallying the 10th for another charge, was shot through the leg. It was near a road, and a horse was standing near, saddled. We lifted him on, and away he went down that shell-tortured road. This left me in command of the battalion. Capt. Arthur and Lieut. Critchley were the other officers, and their many acts of bravery during that day would fill a book. Major Odlum, with what was left of the 7th Battalion, joined us.

REMNANTS OF 13th.

"Col. Loomis also came up with the remnants of the 13th, and so we held on. The Germans took up a position at the top of the hill, and we prepared to attack. Just then a fresh English battalion came along, and then another and another, and away we went up that hill with blood in our eyes, until the portions were regained, and we had driven the Germans back. It was now almost dark. We had not had food or water all that day, or the day before, but we still were game. What a joy to know we had not lost ground, and had driven the Huns back. How we blessed the British reinforcements! How we cursed the Germans! How all cheered amid the groans of the wounded! These are things I shall never forget. How I missed death that day I know is due solely to God's goodness, and I am not ashamed to say that as I charged up that hill, sometimes to be driven back again, many times through clenched teeth, I called upon Him to see me through, and bring us victory.

MANGLED BODIES OF MEN.

"The many terrible things that happened would keep me writing for a whole day, to explain all I saw personally, and of course I could only note what was going on around me. My experiences are all simply those of every other soldier who took part. I had the men on each side of me shot dead in practically the same instant. I saw six blown to bits a few yards away, legs, arms and legs torn off by shells, explosions all along the line. I saw men with eyes protruding, arms dangling, and otherwise mangled, on all sides of me. In every sense of the word, war is indeed hell.

"But the day was not done. The Germans seemed to have pushed through our left, and were now rushing across the fields to cut off those who had just gone up the hill. They would have succeeded in this, but God's will again intervened to spoil their plans. The 6th Battalion came up, extended in their direction, and took up a position along the road to meet them. After we had gained the hill an order was given for all Canadians to re-assemble at a certain point in the rear, as our position was now occupied by fresh troops. We were on our way back. I was with Major Merewether, Brigade I. M., and had a good view. It was a fine sight. We had our men ready to assist, if necessary, and did not move back, as ordered, in case we might be needed.

A WALL OF FIRE.

"The Germans, in huge masses, charged from some trees across an open strip, and were met by a wall of fire. Then Major McLeod, with his battery of four guns, opened among them, and I hope I shall never see so many of our men go down as I witnessed fall among that advancing wall of men. The carnage was awful. They were piled in heaps. Finally they wavered, broke, and then ran to cover, leaving their dead and dying behind. Night closed down, and the firing almost ceased. We marched back to our place of assembly and took up a line of trenches. I went to the usual place of assembly for transport, and found the 7th Battalion having rations. We arranged for dividing this among both battalions, and I did about succeeded when another order to march came. A few men had time to get some food and water, but only a few. It was pouring rain, and most miserable. The orders were to march out about six miles and take up a position on the left of the 8th, which we did. General Currie accompanied us.

SUNDAY, APRIL 25th.

"As explained in yesterday's letter, Gen. Currie came to us in the night, and accompanied us to a new position. Only a few had got rations. It was raining. The men had had nothing to eat since supper on the 22nd, and they had fought continually and slept none, yet not a grumble escaped them, and away we went, following the general we have all learned to love. We got to our new position at daybreak, and an interesting day awaited us. We had to take up a position on the left of the 8th in an open piece of ground. I chose the best location for digging in, and the men at once started with their entrenching tools to get out of sight. As I said, our position was in an open piece of ground, and we were just in time, for coming over the hill in company formation marched a battalion of Prussian Guards, and I was to see my first of German trickery. I was at first non-plussed at the idea of a whole battalion marching in such a formation into an enemy's country, and this was what they intended. I shouted to them to stop, but they paid no heed. I then ordered my men to fire. At the same time Major Odlum, of the 7th, gave the same order. They broke and took cover but did not fire back.

"WE SURRENDER" RUSE.

"Then a number of them arose, holding up their hands, and shouting, 'We surrender.' We did not fire. They shouted they were French and not to shoot. I shouted to lay down arms, but they did not. Then someone went out towards them from the 7th to see who they were. Three fired at him, and down he went. We opened up. They first advanced, and then turned back to a trench on the west of the hill. Their ruse was to march down as friendly troops and occupy this open strip, and in that way force a wedge through our lines. Our prompt arrival, due to Gen. Currie's foresight, put the kibosh on this. After getting behind their trenches, they gave us a good rattle of fire, but just then our artillery got wise, and placed a few shells in their trenches, which kept them still for practically the rest of the day. We dug ourselves in, and sneaked out and got water from Jack Johnson holes to drink, and so the day passed by.

IN A TIGHT QUARTER.

"You can realize how hungry we were. No food from the evening of the 22nd. After nightfall firing started on our right, and then we knew an attack was being made. We had expected to be relieved, but no orders came. I got a call to H. Q. on the double, and, taking Bloxam with me, started for the house occupied by H. Q., a mile away. We ran into a patrol, and they fired on us. I could not understand this, as it was behind our lines. On we went, and after some distance a number of men fired at us from behind a hedge. I called to them but got no answer. I began to realize how serious the situation was. On we went to H. Q. and saw no light in the cellar where they had been. I got Bloxam to cover the opening, and I flashed in my light. All was confusion. The H. Q. had evidently escaped by the skin of their teeth. Realizing that we were now really behind the enemy's lines and that they held the trenches to our right, we crept and run. After us came a German patrol, firing as they ran. We ran plump into a line of men lying on the ground some distance back, and they opened on us. I was taken prisoner, and held for a few minutes for explanation. I was in the firing line of the 5th Battalion Canadians. Major Trentine was in command, and he had just got orders to retire behind the second line of defence, about two miles back, where he said a division had come up in the evening and occupied. We lost no time in getting back to our lines, where I found Critchley, whom I had sent out on a scouting party to get in touch with the troops on our left, had returned with a note telling me to move back if I felt I could not hold the position.

HAD TWO BATTALIONS.

"Major Odlum having been wounded, I was in command of the 7th, as well as the 10th, so I got the officers together. We found that one English battalion on our right had been cut up and scattered some time ago. All that was left on our right was one English regiment. I declared we would hold on as reserves would surely be sent up. Just then the next English regiment was violently attacked on our right and gave way, falling back on us. Seeing that the situation could not be saved, I sent Lieut. Critchley out with a party to clear a way and take out the wounded. Capt. Arthur led the English, and I formed up the 10th and fought a rear-guard action out to the main road. Strange to say, the enemy did not advance, fearing, no doubt, that they might be cut off. I had previously sent word to the British battalion on our left as to our movements, and as to what had happened. We passed through the second line of trenches and on to ——, where we got an hour's rest. It was long after daylight. Perhaps we were thirsty, footsore, hungry and tired. It was a lucky movement our getting out, as we would have been massacred or captured. Felt rotten about having to give way, but have been commended since on the way I handled the situation.

"There was nothing else to be done, as our right was left open, and our men were worn out. If two new regiments had marched up to help us, we need not have given way an inch. Why they did not do so is not for me to judge.

MONDAY, APRIL 26th.

"I told you we had an hour's rest on the morning of this date. There were no rations for us as our stores were some distance to the rear. We lay down in a field and I started on a cruise. An English General—Gen. Hall—heard of our long fast and immediately turned out his entire stock to us. We had parties told off to draw rations and these were passed around. No sooner had the rations been issued than Major Betty came along with an order that we were to move up towards —— to the front line. We had not time to get water. The men were formed up and away we went. We divided the men up in platoons and advanced up on that hillside. Major Betty and Capt. Arthur led at some distance in front. I had the machine gun in the centre under Major Good. On my right Lieut. Critchley with one platoon ; on my left, Lieut. Glandfield with another. Two hundred yards behind came Lieut. Knowles on the right, and opposite him Lieut. Cockshutt with a platoon each. The rear and directly between was another platoon under Lieut. Morgan and Capt. Stewart. Some of these were new men just joined that morning. An attack was expected which was the reason for our being ordered out. I shall never forget how these men, who had been without food or water since the twenty-second, and had no sleep all that time, responded to the call. They knew that they were needed, otherwise they would not have been called upon after what they had gone through. It was not for us to ask the reasons for our advance up over that open field. We had to go by rushes in extended order. We had a little over a mile and the enemy could get at us from front and both flanks. It was a grand sight to look back at my boys advancing bravely up that hill. Just before we reached the foot of the slope they got after us with shrapnel. Then as we advanced up we came under the machine guns from the front. On we went by fifty-yard rushes.

DUG THEMSELVES IN.

"When we neared the front line, we found it occupied, so had to dig ourselves in out in the open. The boys got to work like gophers and the way they tossed the mud was a marvel. On the way up the hill we lost a lot. I ran back and forth urging and encouraging the men. Once, when with Glanfield's platoon, six men were hit around me by machine gun fire. How so many lived through it is a miracle. There we lay in the formation ready to meet the threatened attack all through the long day without water. If you put your hand up you would be rewarded by a hail of lead. The 8th were on our left, the 7th and 5th close in rear. We were so tuckered out that I know we could not have charged, but I know also that had we been charged, not an inch would we have given way. We had fought so long and seen so much blood and death and misery that we were callous to it all. We were sure an attack was to be delivered and the excitement kept us up.

"Just after we reached our position, I was half way over when a pill burst near and I got the cursed gas. I choked and writhed in a ditch, alone, for an hour or so, and finally vomited. Then I made my way back to report. I was knocked out for about four hours by gas seen poisoned dogs writhe in agony, and I imagine I felt the same. I don't want to get another 'stinker.' I made my way back to the boys and we spent the night where we were, always expecting and prepared to meet the rush of Germans. Our ration party sent out got lost and did not come back. We had four rations we had received in the morning and we filled our bottles out of a pond around which lay dead men and horses. But the water was as sweet as I had tasted for a time."

Zam-Buk And Outdoor Life

Every tennis or ball player, every swimmer, every canoeist, every man or woman who loves outdoor life and exercise, should keep a box of Zam-Buk handy.

Zam-Buk is a purely herbal preparation, which, as soon as applied to cuts, bruises, burns, sprains, blisters, etc., sets up highly beneficial operations. First, its antiseptic properties render the wound free from all danger from blood poisoning. Next, its soothing properties relieve and ease the pain. Then its rich, herbal balms penetrate the tissue, and set up the wonderful process of healing. Barbed wire scratches, insect stings, skin diseases, such as eczema, heat rashes, ringworm, babies' heat sores, chafed places, sore feet—are all quickly cured by Zam-Buk. It also eases and cures piles. All druggists and stores. Use Zam-Buk Soap also ; 25c. per tablet.

The W. E. LORD CO., LTD

WEDNESDAY HALF HOLIDAY

This store will close every WEDNESDAY at 1 o'clock during July and August, as usual. This Half Holiday is appreciated by customers and staff alike, and we hope you will make a note of this day---that you may not, by any chance, come to the store and find it closed.

Our Millinery Section



Has many new styles and Models to offer for your inspection and approval—and all at very moderate prices.

New Summer Panamas

In Sailor and small drooping shapes,

Prices up to $8.00

New Crash and Ratine Hats

In plain all white, white and black check, white pique, black and white stripe, and in Repp and Silk Poplin.

Children's - - 75c. & 90c.
Ladies' and Misses' - $1.50, 2.00 & 2.50

MEN'S RAINCOATS

Made from best English Paramatta Cloth in Fawn and Green Shades, in either raglan or ordinary shoulder, well finished and guaranteed waterproof,

Prices $12 and $15

Men's Best English Paramatta Cloth Raincoats, Dark Green shades,

Prices $10 and $12

Men's Oil Clothing

Men's extra long Yellow Saddle Slicker -	$4.35
Men's long Yellow Herder Coat -	$2.75
Men's good quality Black Herder Coat -	$3.25
Men's Oil Suits in best quality Yellow Cloth	$3.00 suit
Men's extra quality Black Herder leather bound	$3.95

MEN'S WEAR FOR WARM DAYS



Men's Balbriggan Underwear made of extra fine quality yarns, elastic ribbed, natural color - - - $1.20 suit

Men's Balbriggan Underwear, natural color, special value 75c. suit

Men's Merino Shirts and Drawers, natural color $1.25 suit

Men's Fine Balbriggan Combinations, closed krotch style, pure white all sizes - - - $1.25 suit

Men's Fine Natural Color Balbriggan Combinations, closed krotch, $1.00 suit

Men's Summer Underwear in very fine quality wool, natural color, $2.50 suit

Stanfields Combinations in elastic ribbed knit, light summer weight closed krotch style - - $2.50 suit



MEN'S OVERALL SPECIAL $1.15

Men's blue stripe bib overalls, made of extra heavy Stifels drill, very strongly sewed and reinforced where it is required, make up in regular engineer style and will stand lots of heavy wear, special $1.15

Bargains in White Underskirts



Misses' Underskirts, made of extra fine quality White Cotton and Nainsook, neatly trimmed and embroidered; all sizes. Reg. $1.25 values - - Sale Price, 79c.

Misses' White Underskirts in good quality Cotton with hemstitched flounce, and in all sizes. Reg. 45c. - Sale Price 29c.

Children's White Underskirts, of good even weave Cotton, plain and embroidered. Reg. 50c. - - Sale Price, 35c.

Ladies' White Underskirts of fine bleached Nainsook, neatly trimmed with lace and embroidery. Reg. $3.50 - Sale Price, $1.75

ASTONISHING VALUES IN LADIES AFTERNOON DRESSES

Take advantage of this wonderful opportunity of securing one of these beautiful dresses at an enormous saving, regardless of cost.

Ladies' beautiful afternoon dresses in fine quality ratine cloth in shade of Pink, White and Tan, daintily trimmed with contrasting shade and button, reg. $12 and $15,

Special Sale $3.95

Ladies' afternoon dresses in beautiful material of Voile, in colors of White, Black and White, Ecru, Pearl Grey and Champagne, all beautifully trimmed in Lace and Silk, reg. $20.00,

Special Sale $5.00

Ladies' dresses in Mauve figured rice cloth with vestee of White Crepe effect, trimmed with pretty buttons, lace collar and cuffs, and finished at waist with neat White Kid belt, reg. $10.00,

Special Sale $3.75

Another line of women's lovely afternoon dresses, made of heavy Blue and White Silk Cord Cloth with separate coatee and dainty White blouse trimmed with lace collar and silk tie, reg. $16.50,

Special Sale $5.75

Buy Your Preserving Pineapples This Week

This week we offer best Preserving Pineapples, large size, at the very low price of 25c. each, or $2.75 doz.

Choice B.C. Strawberries, just coming in for preserving. Phone us for prices.

Large Choice Oranges - 25c., 30c., 35c. dozen
Fancy Lemons, 30c. doz.
Apples, Choice Wine Saps, 3 lbs. for 25c.
Best Cooking Apples, 4 lbs. for 25c.
Extra Fancy Rhubarb, 8 lbs. for 25c.

Asparagus, Tomatoes, Lettuce, Celery, Green Onions and Radishes fresh every day. Phone your order in to us and have them delivered nice and fresh in time for lunch or dinner.

Summer Beverages

Our stock is new and fresh. With the warm weather you will want some on hand.
Rose's Lime Juice, 45c. and 85c. bottle. Raspberry Vinegar, 45c. bottle
Grape Juice, 35c. bottle.

Financing The War

Though idle capital is rapidly accumulating in London, the British Government does not intend to let it be diverted to objects apart from the prosecution of the war. The Government has issued orders requiring that no underwriting of foreign security issues take place, and that Treasury approval must be obtained for domestic and colonial issues, and of such only as are of extreme urgency. Thus the money markets of Britain, where the large part of the world has been doing its borrowing, are closed to outsiders. The South American republic, China, and the neutrals close home must go to the United States if they would borrow. That they are beginning to do this is shown by the Argentine loan of fifteen millions recently floated in New York. The tremendous financial strength of Britain is being brought to bear in the struggle as determinedly as the might of its navy and the organization of its great army.

Britain and France have found it necessary to lend Russia many hundred millions. Britain has financed Italian preparations for the war, besides helping Belgium and Servia. Britain is also financing the war expenditures of the overseas dominions. Its own war expenditures are larger than those of France, though it has had only a sixth as many troops in the field. Fortunately the war expenditures for a whole year do not materially exceed the British nation's income for a year, and the meeting of the tremendous obligations entailed on all sides is not a hardship to the individual Britisher. There is plenty of surplus capital in sight to look after the necessary loans for considerable time to come. Yet as Germany finds it imperatively necessary to husband foodstuffs against a day of possible starvation, so Britain must husband its financial strength for itself and allies. The neutral world will be embarrassed and hampered by the closing of the European money markets—perhaps Canada itself may be temporarily a sufferer—but it has to be recognized that a condition of war is an effective stopper upon promiscuous borrowing. Germany and Austria cannot last in the financial competition with such resources as Britain and France command when they set to work to round up their resources. Britain is now undertaking a policy of collecting its income from all over the world, while refusing to reinvest any part of that income outside of war purposes.

And what is the condition of Germany? German capital invested abroad is estimated at $7,500,000,000, and its realizable value is at least $5,000,000,000. But internally the German people have been war-taxed until they can stand little more. Gold has been drag-netted into the Reichsbank to the amount of $500,000,000. On this basis, bank notes have been issued for $1,500,000,000. The extra billion in fact represents a forced loan from the German people. The German Government has had to resort practically to confiscation of savings and seizure of all gold in order to sustain the national fabric. Its war issues are not commercial issues, but patriotic flotations in which coercion is used on possessors of wealth if they do not come forward voluntarily.

The Liquor Interests Bombard Premier Scott

The liquor men of the province of Saskatchewan swarmed Regina the other day with banners on their ears and blazes in their eyes. Around and around the streets the procession whirled to impress the populace with their importance, and drew up at the Government Buildings to deliver their ultimatum to a frightened Premier. One hundred and sixty strong, they pushed their august presence into the Government offices with tons of argument and tornadoes of oratory. The Premier and his Ministry sat silent. "You must, Mr. Premier, recognize that you have been very hasty in closing the bars so soon. Why throw so many out of employment during these war times? Close the bars, clubs and liquor stores of this province if you will, but wait until the war is over before it's done. And, Mr. Premier, you must not forget our vested rights. We have put much capital into the liquor business, and if you must close us out, compensate us for our loss."

And for one hour the liquor artillery fired their shots of argument into the Government trenches. So terrific was the bombardment that they felt the day was won and the enemy had run for shelter. They waited. Surely the white flag would be raised.

Suddenly, above the trenches, the Premier appeared. Straightening himself to his full height, he looked the doughty orators in the face: "Gentlemen, I have listened to your words, but find in them strong reasons for the position I have taken; true, some may lose employment by reason of our cancelling the licenses, but for the many there will be more work. Did you say compensation? There I am with you. I am a firm believer in compensation, but it is rather an unfortunate argument for you to use. If you believe in that principle, you will go to the men from whom you have taken the children's bread; you will go to the homes that you have broken and left desolate; you will go to the embittered and debauched lives that you have ruined; you will go to our people whose resources you have destroyed, and whose energies you have dwarfed, and to all of those, and others, you lay down, according to the law of compensation, the enormous penalty demanded of you so as to bring back hope, life and love. When you have done this, and much more, it will be ours to give ear to your words on compensation." On and on and on the Premier went, pouring shot and shell into the now retreating enemy. One after another, crestfallen and defeated, they slip quietly out. When the Premier finished there were but ten still staying out of a battlefront of one hundred and sixty. The Premier's lieutenant had also loaded his gun for a continued attack, but so completely were the enemy routed he saved his ammunition.

Let us see! This Premier's name is Scott. He must be a son of "Great Scott."

"And darest thou then
To beard the lion in his den."

Methodist Conference

W. J. Connolly, of Sturgeon, was elected President of the Alberta Methodist conference for the ensuing year at the meeting of that body at Edmonton last week. The ministers drafted for the Red Deer district are as follows:

Red Deer—Thomas A. Wilson, S.T. B., Ph.D.; Chas. H. Huestis, M.A.; Jos. F. Woodsworth, B.A.; James R. Earle, B.A.; R. Orlando Jolliffe, B.A.; Robert S. Longley, B.A.; Edwin J. Pratt, M.A.

Red Deer (East)—Whitney W. Saunders, B.A., B.D.; Delburne, H. R. Taddon; Innisfail, Robert E. Finlay; Raven, A. G. Lee; Elnora, J. H. Stark; Bowden, R. Handley; Thomas F. Lund; James O. Lloyd; James R. Brown, B.A.

The Merchants Bank of Canada

Statement of Liabilities and Assets at 30th April, 1915.

LIABILITIES.

1. To the Shareholders.

Capital Stock paid in	$ 7,000,000.00
Rest or Reserve Fund	7,000,000.00
Dividends declared and unpaid	175,710.00
Balance of Profits as per Profit and Loss Account	245,140.70
	$14,420,850.70

2. To the Public.

Notes of the Bank in Circulation	$ 6,204,069.00
Deposits not bearing interest	12,692,061.44
Deposits bearing interest (including interest accrued to date of statement)	50,037,101.89
Balances due to other Banks in Canada	933,204.92
Balances due to Banks and banking correspondents in the United Kingdom and foreign countries	1,207,076.30
Bills payable	
Acceptances under letters of credit	696,100.26
Liabilities not included in the foregoing	
	$86,190,464.51

ASSETS

Current Coin held (see also deposit in Central Gold Reserve)	$ 2,693,330.63
Dominion Notes held	12,732,618.75
Notes of other Banks	564,711.00
Cheques on other Banks	2,833,748.30
Balances due by other Banks in Canada	3,110.67
Balances due by Banks and banking correspondents elsewhere than in Canada	2,232,655.91
Dominion and Provincial Government securities, not exceeding market value	683,997.72
Canadian Municipal securities, and British, Foreign and Colonial public securities, other than Canadian, not exceeding market value	903,667.02
Railway and other Bonds, Debentures and Stocks, not exceeding market value	4,968,195.58
Call Loans in Canada on Bonds, Debentures and Stocks	3,600,342.89
Call Loans elsewhere than in Canada	964,193.14
	$32,086,571.61
Other Current Loans and Discounts in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)	47,401,858.68
Other Current Loans and Discounts elsewhere than in Canada (less Rebate of Interest)	100,240.32
Liabilities of customers under letters of credit as per contra	696,100.26
Real Estate other than bank premises	118,816.77
Overdue debts, estimated loss provided for	144,721.63
Bank Premises, at not more than cost, less amounts written off	4,166,147.94
Deposit with the Minister for the purposes of the Circulation Fund	335,000.00
Deposit in the Central Gold Reserve	1,000,000.00
Other Assets not included in the foregoing	141,007.40
	$86,190,464.51

K. W. BLACKWELL, *Vice-President.* E. F. HEBDEN, *General Manager.*

Report of the auditors to the shareholders of the Merchants Bank of Canada.

In accordance with the provisions of sub-Sections 19 and 20 of Section 56 of the Bank Act we report to the shareholders as follows:—

We have examined the above Balance Sheet with the Books of Account and other records of the Bank at the Chief Office and with the signed returns from the Branches and Agencies

We have checked the cash and verified the securities of the Bank at the Chief Office against the entries in regard thereto in the books of the Bank as on April 30th, 1915, and at a different time during the year and found them to agree with such entries. We have also attended at several of the Branches during the year and checked the cash and verified the securities held at the dates of our attendance and found them to agree with the entries in the books of the Bank with regard thereto.

We have obtained all the information and explanations we have required. In our opinion the transactions of the Bank which have come under our notice have been within the powers of the Bank, and the above Balance Sheet is properly drawn up so as to exhibit a true and correct view of the state of the Bank's affairs according to the best of our information and the explanations given to us and as shown by the books of the Bank.

VIVIAN HARCOURT, of Deloitte, Plender, Griffiths & Co.,
J. REID HYDE, of Macintosh & Hyde. } *Auditors.*

Montreal, 28th April, 1915.

District Court

The District Court sat for the trial of criminal cases before His Honor Judge Lees on Tuesday afternoon. There was only one case to be heard. Mr. Thomas Cunningham, of Fairacres, was charged with obtaining a team of horses by false pretences from Mr. E. W. Shenfield, of Bowden. It appeared that the accused had bought the team from the private prosecutor, and given him in exchange a lien note signed in the name of Cunningham and Sons."

The prosecution contended that inasmuch as there was no formal partnership between Cunningham and his father, the signature was fraudulent. The evidence showed that several attempts had been made to collect the debt before criminal proceedings were instituted, and the judge dismissed the case on the ground of insufficient evidence of intention to defraud.

A. H. Russell prosecuted for the Crown, and Messrs. Scott and Law conducted the defence.

TENDERS

Tenders will be received, until June 10th for discing existing fireguards from Red Deer to Strathcona, 97 miles; Forth to Rocky Mountain House, 63 miles. Existing guards to be twice disced. Payment is to be made for actual discing done and at a unit price per acre.

P. GORDON, Roadmaster,
Red Deer.

"FARMERS"

Remember it is cheaper and more economical to paint your House and Barns. 90 per cent. of buildings rot down for want of paint.

Let us give you an estimate on your building and we will surprise you how little it costs to make your place Neat, Bright, and Respectable.

P. E. KENT & Co'y.

Painters and Decorators

P. O. BOX 314 - NORTH RED DEER

PROFESSOR SHORTT A GREAT ECONOMIST

Brilliant Scholar Whose Intellectual Attainments Brought to Him Many Honors

Prof. Adam Shortt, of the Civil Service Commission at Ottawa is generally described as "Canada's leading political economist."

Prof. Shortt was born in an old Ontario mill village called Kilworth, on the banks of the Thames, near London. His father was a miller. Later the village disappeared altogether, although another hamlet which sprung up some miles distant bears the name Kilworth Bridge. As a boy the coming political economist was a hard worker. He was a good student at the High school at Walkerton, and to "put himself through" Queen's, as most university students did in those days, by teaching school. After graduation at Queen's he went, in 1884, to Scotland and took post-graduate work at Glasgow and Edinburgh Universities, repeating his record at Queen's by becoming in each institution a medalist in philosophy. His long vacations he spent tramping through Great Britain and continental Europe picking up firsthand knowledge of Old World social and industrial conditions. His interest steadily concentrated on political economy, and returning to Canada, he was, in 1889, appointed lecturer in political science at Queen's, and three years later he became professor in the same subject.

Prof. Shortt is a well known writer on economic and historical subjects. Some years ago he contributed to the Journal of the Canadian Bankers' Association a series of articles on the development of the Canadian banking and currency systems which represented an immense amount of research and which were much discussed. Perhaps his best known contribution to current problems is his



PROF. ADAM SHORTT

"Imperial Preferential Trade From a Canadian Point of View," a study of the British fiscal situation. It revealed his belief in freedom of trade, coupled with recognition of the fact that wide variations of industrial and social conditions make it impossible to maintain that any one fiscal system is expedient for all times and places, and also his faith in the efficiency of autonomy as the only enduring basis of Imperial co-operation and unity.

In his Life of Lord Sydenham in "The Makers of Canada" series, Prof. Shortt describes the course of events in the momentous days of the establishment of responsible government in Canada. In collaboration with Dr. Doughty, the Dominion Archivist, he edited a collection of constitutional documents on the period from 1763 to 1791, many of which are made accessible for the first time. A second volume deals with the period from 1791 to 1841. These works led to the selection of Prof. Shortt and Dr. Doughty as joint editors of a new ten-volume history of Canada.

When the first Labor Commission was formed under the Lemieux Act, Prof. Shortt was appointed chairman, and in 1908 he was appointed one of the Civil Service Commissioners under the new Act.

Of late years Prof. Shortt has done a good deal of speaking at Canadian clubs and other gatherings. They say he never reads a novel. His chief hobbies are gardening and wood carving. In 1911 he was created a companion of St. Michael and St. George in the Coronation favors.

The earliest work on shorthand writing was compiled by Dr. Timothy Bright, of Cambridge, in 1598.

Fame—that which youth longs for. Youth—that which fame longs for.

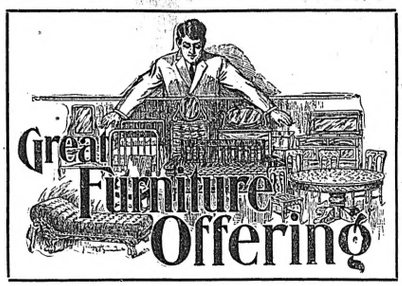
Protect the Forests

The protection of the forest cover of the watersheds of Canadian waterways is so important as to affect the interests of every inhabitant of this country.

Fifty per cent. of London boys engaged in street trading sell newspapers, and twenty per cent. sell milk.

The estimated population of New Zealand, including Maories is 1,084,662.

EXTRA! EXTRA!



BEST'S 10th Annual — BEST'S 10th Annual

Midsummer Furniture Sale

Starts MONDAY, JUNE 14th, and Continues Until SATURDAY, JULY 3rd

One month earlier this year with BIGGER and BETTER VALUES THAN EVER

"A Sale That Is a Sale" — Unbeatable Values In All Lines

WHEN WE ADVERTISE BARGAINS YOU CAN DEPEND ON GETTING A BARGAIN.

This is a splendid opportunity for the newly wed's and all those who are thinking seriously of taking up housekeeping in the near future.

Look over this list and make a note of your requirements, if you don't find the articles you require listed here come in and make your wants known, we may have just what you want at the price you wish to pay.

SPECIAL VALUES IN ALL LINES — **Everything Marked in Plain Figures**

LIVINGROOM FURNITURE

1 only pair of Large Fumed Oak leather upholstered Arm Chairs (Chair and Rocker), upholstered in the very best grade of leather. Regular price $40.00 each, you can have them delivered for - - - $25.00 each

1 only Fumed Oak Library Table, has one large centre drawer with book shelves on either end. Regular price $30.00. - - Special for $20.00

1 only large Fireside Dutch Rocker, upholstered all over in leather, very cosy and comfortable. Regular price $40.00. - - Special for $25.00

1 only large Fireside Arm Chair, upholstered in green striped denim. Regular $17.50. - - - - - Special for $11.00

1 only large Mahogany Rocker with upholstered leather seat. Reg. $16.65. Special for $10.00

2 only large Solid Oak Arm Rockers, upholstered in leather. Reg. $13.90. Special for $8.50 each

1 only very pretty Solid Oak Ladies' Desk with Electric Reading Lamp attached. Regular $27.75. - - - Special for $17.50

1 only Devenport, upholstered in green denim, can be easily and quickly converted into a good double bed. All steel frame with fumed oak arm seats. Regular $30.00. - - - Special for $18.00

BEDROOM FURNISHINGS

1 only large roomy ¼ cut Oak Chiffonier, well finished throughout. Regular price $29.00. - - - Special for $17.50

1 only Surfaced Oak Chiffonier, has five large roomy drawers and nice beveled Mirror Back. Regular $18.00. - - Special for $12.50

1 only Solid Oak Dresser, base has three drawers, top is fitted with a handsome large shaped Mirror plate. Regular $27.75. Special for $17.50

1 only Solid Oak Dresser, similar to above only somewhat smaller with plain Mirror in back. Regular $17.75. This is exceptionally good value at Special for $12.00

1 only Small Dresser, fitted with Mirror Back, Surfaced Oak finish. Special for $8.00

1 only Ladies' Mahogany Dressing Table, a very neat and pretty design, fitted with a nice Mirror. Regular $17.00. - - Special for $10.00

1 only Solid Oak Corner Wardrobe, very convenient and roomy and takes up a very small floor space. Regular $23.50. - Special for $13.50

3 only Brass Beds, in sizes 3-0 and 4-0 only. Regular $22. Special for $11.00

All other Brass and Iron Beds are reduced nearly ⅓ of their regular price.

All Springs and Mattresses at greatly reduced prices.

CARPETS

1 only 9 x 12 handsome imported Axminster Rug, Oriental design. Reg. price $65.00 - - - Special for $35.00

1 only 9 x 12 five frame Brussels Rug, Oriental design, green ground small pattern worked in brown and tan, outlined with a dark blue. This makes a very attractive and durable rug. Reg. price, $46.50. Special for $30.00

1 only 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 ins. Tapestry Rug, in two tone blue, very suitable for a bedroom rug. Reg. price $22.00 - - - Special for $12.50

1 only 9 ft. x 10 ft. 6 ins. Tapestry Rug, conventional design, in tan and brown shades. Reg. price $16.65 - - Special for 10.00

A number of Washable Bath and Bedroom Mats, 27 x 54, all pretty patterns, Special for $2.50

2 only 3 x 3½ yd. Reversible Art Squares in green and brown, pretty patterns. Reg. $8.90 - - - Special for $5.00 each

DRAPERIES

3 only odd pairs of Lace Curtains, all good patterns. Reg. prices range up to $3.25 per pair - - Your Choice for $1.00 per pair

1 only Pair of very handsome Silk Tapestry Portiers; large size. Regular price $17.50 - - Special Sale Price, Only $8.50

All Art Cretonnes from 50c. per yd. up go at HALF PRICE.

Cushion Forms, either square or oblong. Reg. 75c. each - Special for 50c.

12 only pairs of All Feather Pillows, covered with neat Art Ticking; considered good value at $2.00 a pair - - Special for $1.00 per pair

All other Draperies greatly reduced in price.

Special Discounts allowed on all Window Shades and Brass Goods.

DINING ROOM FURNITURE

1 only 9-piece solid Mahogany Dining-room Suite, Sheraton design, consisting of Buffet, China Cabinet, Round Extension Table and 6 Leather Upholstered Diners: finished in the very best of material and workmanship throughout. Regular price, $250. - Very Special for $125

1 only 8-piece Solid Fumed Oak Dining-room Suite consisting of Buffet, Round Extension Table and six Leather Upholstered Diners. Reg. price, $115. Special for $75

1 only 8-piece Satin Walnut Dining-room Suite, similar to above suite. This makes a very pretty and attractive suite. Sold regularly for $100. Special for $65

1 only 8-piece Surfaced Oak Dining-room Suite; plain but substantial. Reg. price $65.00 - - Special for $40

1 only Solid Oak Round Pedestal Extension Table. Reg. $27.75. Special for $15.00

1 only large Surfaced Oak Extension Table, square top, with five large turned legs. Reg. $15.00 - - Special for $9.75

KITCHEN FURNITURE

1 only Solid Oak Kitchen Cabinet; top is fitted with large convenient cupboards, flour bin with sifter attached, sugar bin and a number of canisters for tea, coffee and spices. Base has a sliding top, a large cupboard for pots and pans and large drawer for bread and cakes; also two smaller drawers for towels and cutlery. No kitchen is complete without one of these convenient cabinets. Reg. price $35. Special for $25

1 only Kitchen Cabinet, finished in natural maple; base has two large bins for sugar and flour, also two small drawers for cutlery and towels, also a removable bread board. Top is fitted with a number of open shelves and three small convenient drawers. This makes a very complete but inexpensive kitchen cabinet. Reg. price $22 - Special for $15.00

2 only Fall Leaf Tables in Golden Elm. These are very convenient tables as they take up very little space when folded. Reg. price $8.00. Special for $5.00

1 only Solid Oak Refrigerator, white enamelled linings, nicely finished throughout. Reg. $20.00 value - - Special for $14.00

1 only No. 9 Brittannia 6-hole Steel Range; has a polished steel top which requires no cleaning, large fire box with removable grates, will burn either coal or wood; large oven, very plain and neat nickle trimmings, guaranteed to be a first-class baker and a good all round range. This range can be had with either a reservoir or hot water front attached at the very low price of - - - **$50.00**

CROCKERYWARE

1 only 97-piece White and Gold Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set, open stock pattern, with China Cups and Saucers. Reg. $25.00 - Special for $13.00 (This set is without an equal at the price.)

1 only 97-piece Blue Band Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set, open stock pattern. Reg. $25.00 - - Special for $14.00 per set

1 only 97-piece Dinner Set, Semi-Porcelain with China Cups and Saucers; a very pretty pattern with a plain Greek key border. These sets cannot be bought wholesale to-day at the prices we are offering them at. Reg. $22.00; Special for $10.00

1 only 10-piece Toilet Set, pretty blue and gold floral design. Reg. Price $6.50; Special for $4.50

1 only 10-piece Toilet Set, pretty rose design shaded with pink. Reg. price, $8.00; Special for $5.00

Several 10-piece Printed Toilet Sets, in blue and green, both conventional and floral designs. Considered splendid value at $3.50. Special for $2.00 set

3 only very handsome Hanging Lamps, ranging in price from $16.50 to $22.00. Your Choice, while they last, at $10.00 each

All Odd Pieces in Fancy China will be cleared at Half Price

PICTURES

100 different subjects in pretty Framed Pictures, ranging in price from 50c. to $10.00 each. **All Go at just One Half the Regular Prices**

50 only Unframed Pictures, sepia tone, mounted 16 x 20; all splendid subjects. These pictures are worth 50c. each - Special Sale Price, 3 for 50c.

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Freight charges prepaid on all out of town purchases amounting to $10.00 or over.

FORTS ALONG STRAITS SURPRISED THE FLEET

Big Shells From Guns on Warships Smothered Them With Their Fire But Material Damage Small

Mr. E. Ashmead Bartlett, writing of the operations against the Dardanelles said:

The days of the Turk in Europe are numbered, but no one will deny that he is dying hard and game.

It has long been an accepted axiom of naval warfare that ships are of no use against forts, or that they fight at such a disadvantage that it is not worh while employing them for such a purpose.

This axiom must now be modified, after the experience which the fleet has gained in the present operations against the Dardanelles. Any fort built of stone or concrete, however strong, can be put out of action by direct fire from guns, if only a clear view of it can be obtained, or provided aeroplanes are available to "spot" for the gunners, to signal back results and correct the fire. Yet nothing amazed the gunners out here more than the resisting power of these old forts round the Dardanelles.

For instance, those at Seddul Bahr and Kum Kale, at the northern and southern entrances to the Dardanelles, were subjected to a terrific bombardment by the combined fleets, both at long and short range. They were so completely smothered with fire that no one believed a stone or a gun could be left standing. Their fire was, in fact, completely silenced. Yet, when the landing parties were put ashore to examine them, the material damage was found to be comparatively small, although they were mere shambles.

Obstacles to Overcome

Many of the guns were still intact, and one 9-inch was actually found loaded. The work of destruction had to be completed by the landing parties and the forts are now heaps of unoccupied ruins, with their guns lying about at all angles.

The Turkish soldier fights very well behind entrenchments, but he is a very bad gunner, and possesses absolutely no knowledge of the science of war. But the Turkish army, directed by highly trained German officers, and having the advantage of their science and technical skill, is a very different enemy.

The old axiom that ships are of no use against forts is quite inaccurate, but the enemy discovered that even the heaviest shells can do but a minimum of damage to a well-constructed emplacement of earth thrown up in front of a gun. The great shells from the ships throw up an enormous amount of smoke and earth, but the actual damage is small. It can, in fact, generally be made good during the night, or when the weather is too thick to allow of shooting. A battleship has to score a direct hit on the gun itself before guns mounted in this simple manner can fairly be said to be out of action. The difficulty of scoring direct hits is enormous, especially when the fire is indirect and has to be corrected by aeroplanes, which are themselves constantly exposed to heavy shrapnel fire which it is impossible to keep under.

Difficult Fighting Ground

If the ground on the European and Asiatic sides of the Straits were flat the task would be comparatively easy, because the enemy's guns could be kept out of range by the long-range 6-inch guns of the ships. Unfortunately it is just the reverse. The Gallipoli Peninsula is a jumble of hills, valleys, small rivers, low-lying ridges, and spurs which assume no regular formation, and which seem to have been specially designed by Nature to assist the defence of the Straits. In parts the country is thickly wooded, in others the trees are sparse, and there are patches of low-lying ground which have been cultivated. The ascent from the shore is steep and fairly high, and the ships must clear this initial obstacle before they can reach their mark.

Amongst this hilly country there are innumerable positions where guns can be concealed, in valleys, behind hills, or amongst trees. When a gun or battery has been located by an aeroplane it is often necessary to fire right over the top of several ridges of hills, and the smoke of the bursting projectiles cannot be seen, even from the control tops. The Asiatic shore of the Straits is lower, and is commanded along almost its whole length by the European. The hills are not so flush with the water, and it is therefore easier to locate the batteries on that side.

SHELLING HEADQUARTERS

Men Sought Refuge in Well as Farmhouse Was Smashed to Pieces

What happens when the enemy's artillery gets the range of a field headquarters is graphically told by Private H. Edwards of the Royal Fusiliers, as follows:

"I and ten others were on guard at headquarters. We were having our tea when we heard a terrible crash. I ran to the door to find that shells aimed at the headquarters were bursting all around. I knew it was hopeless to run into the open, so I and two chums jumped into a well in the cellar. There we stood up to the waist in water, with faces white waiting for the end. We could hear the groans of our comrades and the terrible crash of the shells. Suddenly we saw a blinding flash and heard a deafening roar. The top of the well seemed to jump on us. I remember no more.

"When I recovered consciousness I found that my two chums were dead. The shelling had ceased, so I climbed up again. What a terrible sight met my eyes! The farm was levelled to the ground, and my chums were all dead and frightfully mangled. Only three of us were left alive."

Leather Medals

Leather medals were originally conferred as a genuine mark of honor. When King John of France, captured at Agincourt, was forced to pay to Edward III. of England a ransom of 3,000,000 gold crowns to effect his release, he was left without precious metal for coins or decorations. So he found it necessary to pay the palace expenses with leather money. He also used leather medals when he wished to confer honor on some nobleman. The custom quickly arose of presenting "leather medals" as a burlesque distinction.

WHOLE FAMILY USES THEM

"Fruit-a-tives" Keeps Young And Old In Splendid Health



J. W. HAMMOND Esq.

SCOTLAND, ONT., Aug. 25th, 1913

"Fruit-a-tives" are the only pill manufactured, to my way of thinking. They work completely, no griping whatever, and one is plenty for any ordinary person at a dose. My wife was a martyr to Constipation. We tried everything on the calendar without satisfaction, and spent large sums of money until we happened on "Fruit-a-tives". I cannot say too much in their favor.

We have used them in the family for about two years and we would not use anything else as long as we can get "Fruit-a-tives".

Their action is mild, and no distress at all. I have recommended them to many other people, and our whole family uses them".

J. W. HAMMOND.

Those who have been cured by "Fruit-a-tives" are proud and happy to tell a sick or ailing friend about these wonderful tablets made from fruit juices.

50c. a box, 6 for $2.50, trial size 25c. At all dealers or sent on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

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Many Passes Now in Hands of Italians

Are in Splendid Position Now For Any Defensive Fight That May Come

TORPEDO BOATS BUSY.

Geneva, Switzerland, June 3.—News dispatches received here declare that two Italian torpedo boats early yesterday entered the Gulf of Trieste and sank two merchant vessels and damaged an Austrian auxiliary cruiser.

London, June 3.—The military expert of the London Times says, in regard to the Austro-Italian campaign:

"Italian columns on all sides are threatening the passes leading into the southern Tyrol, and opening their attacks on Austrian fortifications. The attacks, which hitherto have been completely successful, have already placed in Italian hands the greatest part of the crest line, which was left after the war of 1866 in Austrian hands, and to that extent have facilitated the defence of Italian soil should events lead to Italian defensive in the north.

WILL SOON CO-OPERATE.

To the west two passes—Tonale and Val Giudicaria—all have been assailed. The advance along the latter valley, leading to the Riva group of works at the head of Lake Garda, is an important operation.

"It has progressed along both banks of the Chiese and has reached Cima and Spessa, near Storo. With the next bound forward it should reach Monte Lavino, and be able to co-operate with the column advancing around Lake Garda."

MONTE NERO TAKEN.

Udine, Italy, via Paris, June 3.—The occupation by the Italians of Monte Nero, which is at an altitude of 7,000 feet, and lies northeast of Caporetta, and six miles northwest of Tolmino, is taken by military men here to indicate a continuation by the Italians of the plan to press on the Austrians north of Goritza, on the left bank of the Isonzo river, and threaten them in the rear, with a view to finding less resistance at Goritza. It is believed the Austrians understood this danger, as it is asserted they did all possible to repulse the Italians from Monte Nero, but were compelled to retire after sustaining heavy losses.

Personal Liberty

A few months ago the lady editor of the society column in one of the city papers was guilty of the following statement: "To interfere with the saloon is to infringe upon the legitimate liberties of the individual." If this be true, then the Alberta Temperance and Moral Reform League is wholly in the wrong. Under no circumstances are we justified in interfering with the legitimate liberties of any individual.

This cry, like many others that has been raised by the liquor interests, is not new. It has been heard whenever any attempt has been made to legislate for the good of mankind. It was heard when slavery was abolished; when laws prohibiting child-labor were introduced; when factory acts were passed. It will continue to be heard whenever laws for social betterment press hard on the unsocial desires of the individual.

Those who raised this cry mean by "personal liberty" the right to do as they please; to be free from authoritative restraint; to direct their lives unfettered by any social or governmental regulation. In philosophical politics, this conception appears as anarchy, which, as interpreted by Kropotkin and others, is the perfectly unfettered self-government of the individual. In economics, this idea of personal liberty appears as the doctrine of "Laissez-faire" or "hands off." But the direct and almost the necessary result of such a policy was the cruelty and injustice that made imperative the social legislation of modern times. Child labor, unprotected machinery, fire-trap factories, unreasonable hours of labor, inadequate wages, were all the result of this conception of personal liberty. In fact, it would not be difficult, did space permit, to show that all the social injustice and social abuse grew out of the fact that those guilty of them interpret liberty as the right to do what they desire without regard for the rights of others.

When the interests of individuals conflict, the battle goes to the strongest.

We are coming today to recognize that liberty has not only a personal conception, but a social conception as well. Personality is a social product, resulting from the reaction of the individual to social influences. The doctrine of liberty must be stated in harmony with this idea of personality. In all matters that concern only the person himself, the individual desire may be supreme. Paternalism can never be carried to the extent that it interferes with the exercise of this right. But the rights of the individual are limited—limited by the rights of others with whom he lives. A man may have the right to form his own habits; but when his habits are such that they interfere with the undisputed right of children to be well born, the right of the parent to form such a habit ceases. I have a right to swing my arms in any way that I please, until they interfere with some one who has an equal right with myself to the same space. Then my right ceases. My rights are limited not by my desires and inclinations but by their effect upon social well-being.

It is a well recognized fact that society is constantly interfering with the individual. No man is allowed to place a fire-trap building in a congested area. No man may build a slaughter-house or a powder-mill where it will be a menace to others, even though he has a clear title to the property on which it is built. No man may make his own property a breeding place of disease. And no man has a right to sell that which, when used by others, leaves behind it such a trail of suffering and crime as do intoxicating liquors.

There is no such thing in the world as absolute liberty. Only Adam had the right to do as he pleased. He lost that the day Eve appeared. "Personal liberty is the creed of ghouls and hyenas. It is the law of the jungle. It has no place in human society, civilized or uncivilized. It is to us no matter of surprise that the liquor fraternity make use of the term. When men cease to breathe the air of supreme selfishness and begin to regard the sacred rights of others, they find no place in their vocabulary for 'personal liberty.' The men who preach about personal liberty are generally a class of selfish, often immoral citizens, who forever demand for themselves what they are unwilling to concede to those depending upon them. They demand 'personal liberty' to make swine of themselves, while their children have the 'liberty' to pick up coal on the railroads and carry it home in bags to keep them from freezing; their wives have 'liberty' to scrub their lives away at the wash tub to keep the family from starvation. They demand the 'liberty' to filch the hard-earned dimes from their wives and spend it on grog; the 'liberty' to compel their family of helpless children to grow up in ignorance, breathe the atmosphere of crime, live in dirt, dress in rags, and eat salt horse and sour bread. These are the valiant knights of 'personal liberty,' who set themselves first, last and always against prohibition, or any other law that by wholesome restraint seeks the good of all."

F. W. PATTERSON.

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"KIT"—AN APPRECIATION

Mrs. Kathleen Blake Coleman ("Kit") died at the residence of her husband, Dr. T. Coleman, Hamilton, on May 16, after a brief illness from pneumonia.

(From Womans' Page, Toronto Mail)

For more than 20 years "Kit" edited this page. Unfailing in energy and of untiring industry, well-informed and resourceful, she was admirably equipped for the varied duties of a newspaper editor. Of sound common sense and excellent discretion, her articles met with a ready reception, and tens of thousands weekly read her words with joy. Year after year she labored in this page to improve the minds of her readers and to comfort the suffering and distressed. Her sympathy was wide as want and like the sky bent above the world.

Farewell! Oh brave and modest "Kit." Your loving heart has ceased to beat. Your busy brain is still, and from your hand has dropped the pen. It was fitting that when you sailed out upon that mysterious stream whose shore the foot of one that comes hath never passed, it should be in the month of May, when everything is filled, and thrilled with the potency and opulence of life renewed; the month of promise and hope which tells of greater, better, brighter things beyond.

Turkish Troops Are In Revolt

43 Turkish Officers Taken to Constantinople and Shot

London, June 3.—An Athens dispatch to the Daily News says: "A number of Turkish troops on the Gallipoli peninsular have revolted, being egged on by Turkish officers. Many German officers and sub-officers were killed. Other troops were called up to quell the rising, and they captured 43 revolutionary Turkish officers. These were sent to Constantinople, where they were court-martialled and condemned to death. The sentence was carried out speedily.

"At Tchatalja the Turks continue to make fortifications.

"Severe fighting continues in Gallipoli. After the arrival of reinforcements, yesterday, between Gaba Tepe and Krithia, a Turkish company managed to break the allies' lines. With the assistance of the ships many were killed and the remainder surrendered."

Outline of President Wilson's Stand in Talk with Bernstorff

Washington, June 3.—President Wilson had a conference with Count Bernstorff, the German ambassador, yesterday, with regard to the preparation of this government's response to the German government's reply to the last American note concerning the sinking of the Lusitania. The communication is being penned by the president himself, and it will be forwarded by the end of the week. Interest in the conference has heightened today as further details were coming to light.

On high authority it can be stated that there will be no alteration in the administration's plans to ascertain whether the German government will abide by international law or follow its own rules of maritime warfare. The president, it is believed, informed the ambassador that the United States would not object to the German submarine warfare, provided it could be conducted in such a way as not to jeopardize life and property of the neutrals.

ROYAL YEAST
MAKES PERFECT BREAD

Russians Admit Przemysl's Fall; Forts Battered

Czar's Men Say 1,200 Prisoners Taken in Fighting on San

Petrograd, June 3.—An official statement issued, last night, at the headquarters of the Russian general staff, was as follows:

"In the Shavli region, Monday, we repulsed successfully several attacks and captured a redoubt east of the village of Trawhiany, on the Narew front, on the left bank of the Vistula, the enemy on Tuesday delivered similar attacks which we repulsed.

"In Galicia, Monday, between the Vistula and Przemysl, stubborn fighting developed, our troops gaining somewhat important successes on the left bank of the lower San, taking several villages, some with the bayonet. On the right bank of the same river we were successful near the village of Kalukouve, taking a base south of the village, capturing 1,200 prisoners, including 22 officers and eight quick-firers.

ADMIT FORT TAKEN.

"Przemysl was bombarded with heavy guns up to 16-inch calibre and the enemy delivered his principal attack against the north front in the region of Forts No. 10 and 11, which the Austrians had almost completely demolished before the surrender of the fortress.

"When we repulsed these attacks the enemy succeeded in taking several of our guns which had bombarded the enemy's columns until the latter were close to the muzzles, and the last shell was spent. According to supplementary information we took 200 more prisoners and eight quick firers.

"There has been no change between Przemysl and the great marsh of the Dneister. Between Lyamenitza and Stry, the enemy, who had concentrated their heavy artillery and reinforcements, achieved some success in the course of the night by stubborn attacks with large forces. The fighting continued Tuesday morning.

"On the right bank of the Bystrea we took part of the enemy's positions and made 150 prisoners."

Just Like Germans

Rome, June 3.—Announcement was made at the ministry of marine yesterday that the Italian fleet spent all of Tuesday in cruising off the Austrian coast without sighting the Austrian fleet. The statement follows:

"Yesterday our fleet cruised the entire day near the Dalmatian Archipelago without sighting the enemy. While waiting, our ships destroyed a newly installed semaphore and wireless station on the Island of Lissa, which had been re-established after the bombardment by the French fleet last November. Our ship also destroyed the observation station north of the Island of Curzola.

(Signed) "Thaon Di Revel, Chief of naval staff."

W.C.T.U. COLUMN

(Contributed).

BILLY SUNDAY AND THE SALOON.

Rev. W. A. Sunday spoke of the licensed barroom as follows:

"The saloon is a liar. It promises health and sends disease. It promises prosperity and sends adversity. It promises happiness and sends misery. Yes, it sends the husband home with a lie on his lips to his wife; and the boy home with a lie on his lips to his mother, and it causes the employee to lie to his employer. It is God's worst enemy and the devil's best friend. It spares neither youth nor age. It is waiting with a dirty blanket for the baby to crawl into the world. It lies in wait for the unborn.

It is the anarchist of the world, and its dirty red rag is dyed with the blood of women and children. It sent the bullets through Garfield and William McKinley. Yes, it is a murderer. Every plot that ever was hatched against the law and Government was bred and born and crawled out of the grogshop to damn the country.

I tell you that the curse of God Almighty is on the saloon. Legislatures are legislating against it. Decent society is barring it out. The fraternal brotherhoods are knocking it out. The Masons and Oddfellows and the Knights of Pythias and the A.O.U.W. are closing their doors to the whiskey sellers. It is on the down grade and by the grace of God I am going to give it a push for all I know how."

DOES DRINK HELP BUSINESS?

To the Editor,—

If any of your readers think that drink helps business, let him listen to the words of Ex-Governor Glenn, of N. Carolina, in a speech delivered at Roleigh in 1913.

He said: "Three months ago I was in the Capital of Kansas talking to Governor Stubbs. I said, "Governor, you are reported as saying that in Kansas there are fifty-seven counties out of one hundred and five with not an inmate in the poorhouse; twenty-four counties with not an idiot; twenty-one counties with not a convict; thirty-six with no inmates in the reformatory; fifty-two with not a single person in the jails; ninety-six counties with not an inebriate; sixteen counties with not an insane person, not a boy or girl in the reformatory, not an idiot in the country." "Yes," said Governor Stubbs, "I said it and I say something more. We have the lowest taxes of any State in the Union. Our people are better fed and better clothed than ever before. They have more money in the banks; there is less crime than in any State in the Union except N. Carolina, and I attribute seventy-five per cent. of our peace and prosperity in Kansas to the driving out of this monster evil from our midst and to our enforcing prohibition laws."

The facts stated above seem so incredible when compared with conditions in our own country that many say they don't believe it, but there is not the slightest doubt of the Governor's statements. Kansas is the only State in the Union, probably the only country in the world, that is out of debt.

H. Arnott, M.B., M.C.P.S.

Germans Show Their Dislike for Americans

A Newspaper Correspondent Has an Experience in the Trenches.

London, June 3.—The Nieuwe Rotterdamsche Courant correspondent with the German forces on the French front, says:

"The ill-feeling of the Germans toward the United States is shown by the change in the treatment of the American newspaper representatives visiting the German lines. For example, I visited a battery of Howitzers, and, as was my custom, passed around a handful of cigars to the artillerymen. To my astonishment the men refused them. This was a thing unheard of before, but I put it down to shyness, until I learned a few hours later that they had mistaken me for an American.

"At headquarters were several American newspapermen. One of the Americans sat next to a major, with whom he discussed the war throughout the dinner. When they arose from the table the major said he wished to give the American a small souvenir of their meeting. Thereupon he carefully took from his pocket two splinters from an American shell, which he presented to the correspondent without comment."

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Irrigation Act, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have filed the necessary memorial and plans required by Sections 13 and 15 of the said Act, with the Commissioner of Irrigation, at Calgary, Alta.

The applicant company applies for the right to divert two-tenths of one cubic foot of water per second from a stream at a point on the North-west quarter of Section 29, Township 38, Range 1, West of the 5th Meridian, for industrial purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the memorial and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said industrial purposes in the Company's tanks, engines and buildings situated at Sylvan Lake.

DATED at Calgary, Alta., this 8th day of May, 1915.

F. W. ALEXANDER,
Division Engineer, Applicant.

May 19, 6w.

NOTICE

NOTICE is hereby given that, in accordance with the provisions of the Irrigation Act, the Canadian Pacific Railway Company have filed the necessary memorial and plans required by Sections 13 and 15 of the said Act, with the Commissioner of Irrigation, at Calgary, Alta.

The applicant company applies for the right to divert two-tenths of one cubic foot of water per second from Medicine River at a point on the South-west quarter of Section 15, Township 39, Range 3, West of the 5th Meridian, for industrial purposes, and for the right to construct the necessary works, as shown by the memorial and plans filed, to enable the water so diverted to be used for the said industrial purposes, in the Company's tanks, engines and buildings situated at Mile 32.6, Alberta Central Subdivision.

DATED at Calgary, Alta., this 8th day of May, 1915.

F. W. ALEXANDER,
Division Engineer, Applicant.

May 19, 6w.

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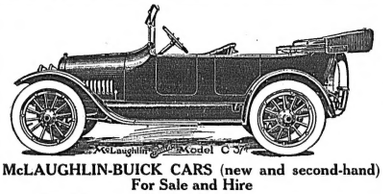
Capital authorized	$10,000,000
Capital paid up	7,000,000
Reserve Fund	7,000,000
Total Assets over	78,000,000

This Bank with branches throughout the Dominion of Canada, and agents and correspondents throughout the world, offers excellent facilities for the transaction of every description of banking business

Title Deeds, Mortgages, etc., held for safe keeping for customers without charge.

Savings Bank Department—Deposits of $1 and upwards received and interest allowed from date of deposit

Red Deer Branch W. K. WICKENS, Manager



McLAUGHLIN-BUICK CARS (new and second-hand) For Sale and Hire

THE MECHANICAL GARAGE CO.
PHONE 260 "SERVICE DAY AND NIGHT"

Classified Advertisements

WANTED.

Mutton, veal, chickens, beef and pork. Highest cash price paid for choice quality.—ALBERTA MEAT MARKET. Feb. 10, tf.

TO RENT.

An eight-roomed, fully modern, brick residence, with good basement and root cellar, on Victoria Ave. Apply at News Office.

ROOMS TO RENT.

Several nice rooms to rent in the News Block. Apply at News Office.

TO RENT.

Boarding house, 9 rooms; fully modern. Apply N. WHITE, Gaetz Ave. North.
Red Deer, April 14.

FOR RENT.

Five-room brick house, with bath-room and furnace, on Victoria Ave. Large garden and barn in rear. Rent $20.00. J. GRANT MACGREGOR, Estate Agent, Red Deer.
Feb. 24.

TEAMING AND DRAYING.

Furniture moved. Storage. Teaming and draying of every description. Reasonable prices charged.
SHELINE & SNYDER, Cartage.
Apl 28.

LOST.

Between the James Beatty place and Red Deer, or in Red Deer, a pair of gold bracelets. Finder kindly return to News Office, or Box 473, for reward.
Red Deer, June 2.

STRAYED.

Bay mare, 3 years old, white feet and face; weight about 1300 lbs.; branded 3\3 on right thigh. Strayed from near Milmerton. Ten dollars reward will be paid for information leading to the recovery of same.
JAMES LAYDEN,
June 2, 3w1. Milmerton P.O.

STRAYED.

Buckskin mare; buckskin yearling; bay mare; black gelding, rising 3 years; all branded with a scissor brand on right shoulder. Five dollars reward for any information leading to the recovery of same.
T. U. SARCHET,
June 2, 3w1. Milmerton P.O.

STRAYED.

Strayed from my premises, W. ½ of Sec. 32-37-26, some time between the 12th and 19th of April, one white Yorkshire sow. May have ring in nose. Ears lopping, one little more than other. Anyone knowing of her whereabouts please notify L. M. Gaetz or Willson Bros., Red Deer.
May 26, 3w.

$10 REWARD.

Any information leading to the recovery of a top buggy, Tudhope, and contents. Team and buggy last seen going north, 10.30 p.m., Monday, May 17th. The team has been recovered four miles north. The reward will not be increased and holds good for 10 days from date.
Dated May 24, 1916.
TOM G. SCHONEMANN,
Red Deer P.O.
E. ½, 2-39-27, W. 4; S. ½, 11-39-27, W. 4.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE.

A fifteen months Holstein bull, from good milking strain.
THOS. MEERES, Clearview.
May 26, 4w1.

FOR SALE.

2 buggies, one spring wagon, and team of ponies. Also hay, grain and baled oat straw. All kinds of team work. Phone 122.
CHAPMAN'S FEED STABLE,
May 5. Gaetz Ave. South.

MALLEABLE RANGES

$1.00 weekly. Burn wood, coal or gas. 334 Eighth avenue east, Calgary. Phone M6594. May 5, 3m.

VACANT LOTS GARDENING.

All citizens who desire to cultivate a garden this year may procure the use of a vacant lot or lots by applying to the Secretary of the Horticultural Society—
Apr 7. A. W. G. ALLEN.

VACANT LOTS GARDENING.

All owners or trustees of vacant lots who are willing to allow the same to be used for garden purposes this year, are respectfully requested to communicate with the Secretary of the Horticultural Society—
Apr 7 A. W. G. ALLEN.

NOTICE

TAKE NOTICE that His Honour Judge Lees, Judge of the District Court of the District of Red Deer, has appointed Friday, the 2nd day of July, 1915, at the Council Chambers in the Village of Sylvan Lake for the holding of the Court of Confirmation of the Tax Enforcement Return of the Village of Sylvan Lake.

D. C. SIMSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Mch 31, 8w.

Get Your Farm Home From The Canadian Pacific

An immense area of the most fertile land in Western Canada for sale at low prices and easy terms, ranging from $11.00 to $30.00 for farm lands with ample rainfall—irrigated lands from $35.00. Terms—One-twentieth down, balance within 20 years. In irrigation districts, loan for farm buildings, etc., up to $2,000, also repayable in twenty years—interest only 6 per cent. Here is your opportunity to increase your farm holdings by getting adjoining land, or secure your friends as neighbors. For literature and particulars apply to A. R. CAMERON, Gen'l. Supt. of Lands, Dept. of Natural Resources C.P.R., Calgary, Alberta.

WEDDING GIFTS

IF YOU COULD SEE our fine line of silverware, we are confident you would not think of going elsewhere when you wished to buy anything in this line.

Here you can select the most suitable wedding gifts and our prices are reasonable enough to please the most economical.

H. H. Humber

Graduate of Chicago Opthalmic College.

Jeweler, Watchmaker & Optician.

Wanted, at once, a load of good, clean upland wild hay, in trade for furniture. Apply The Best Furniture Co.

Notice to Creditors and Claimants

In the estate of Benjamin Burnet Dunsmore, late of Evarts, in the Province of Alberta, Farmer, Deceased.

NOTICE is hereby given that all persons having claims upon the estate of the late Benjamin Burnet Dunsmore, who died on the 11th day of October, A. D. 1914, are required to send to the undersigned Administrator of his Estate by the 26th day of July, 1915, a full statement, duly verified, of their claims, and of any securities held by them, and that after that date the Administration will distribute the assets of the deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to the claims of which notice has been so filed or brought to its knowledge.

Dated this 7th day of June, 1915.

THE TRUSTS & GUARANTEE COMPANY, Limited, Administrator, 220 Eighth Avenue West, Calgary, Alberta, Canada.

H. A. HOWARD, Manager.

June 9th, 3w.

Has Your Soldier Friend a Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen?

He'd be glad of one

The "Safety" type Waterman's Ideal is recommended for those on active service. It is small and can be carried in any position, and will not leak. If your friend is at the front now, or in camp, it can be sent to him, fitted, ready for immediate use, and at a trifling cost for postage.

Think of the pleasure your present will give. How easy it will be for the recipient to write legible letters home—what an inducemeni to write them.

But be sure that the pen you send is a **Waterman's Ideal**—Only the best is good enough for Canada's brave men. And **Waterman's Ideal** is everywhere acclaimed the world's best fountain pen Consequently there are imitations.

'Safety' type, $3.00, 4.00, 5.00
Other types - $2.50 to 8.00

Points to suit every hand. Every Pen absolutely guaranteed.

THE REXALL STORE

Gaetz-Cornett Drug & Book Co.

A Few Spring Needs

Brighten up your buildings with MARTIN-SENOUR PAINT. We have it.

PEROLIN—A sweeping compound for floors and carpets.

A few PORTABLE FOLDING BATHS at $8.00 each.

WRINGERS and WASHING MACHINES.

TIN and GRANITE WARE.

10 lb. tin of SOFT SOAP—just the thing for your spring washings.

SCREEN WIRE and SCREEN WINDOWS.

GARDEN HOSE.

600 lbs. PLATFORM SCALES for $25.00

Tin Shop in connection with Hardware

Bradfield & Magee

Store opposite Jno. McVicar's PHONE 26

MEN'S SUITS

I will put on Sale, Saturday morning, Six Men's Suits, regular up to $25.00

FOR $15.75

Sizes 36, 37, 38, 39, 40 and 42.

SEE THE WINDOW FRIDAY.

Remember there are only SIX at this price.

W. T. COOTE

Men's Outfitter Ross Street

LOCAL AND GENERAL

Remember the 17th of June.

Fred Gaetz was in Delburne last week on business.

J. W. Robinson, of Calgary, was in the city on Wednesday.

H. Gabel, of Didsbury, was in the city for a couple of days last week.

W. L. McKinnon, of Leslieville, was in the city Wednesday on business.

Mr. Warren and Col. Hogg, of Delburne, were visitors in the city last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Lord and son left yesterday on a holiday trip to Banff.

Mrs. N. White left on Tuesday for a week's visit with friends in Calgary.

Miss Jost, of Vancouver, B.C., is visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Gaetz, of Balmoral.

Judge W. A. D. Lees and F. S. Simpson were in Alix last week holding court.

Mrs. and Miss Williams, of Olds, arrived in the city on Tuesday, and will reside here in future.

Mrs. Arnold Burley, of Edmonton, is visiting in the city, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. H. F. Sharon.

Mr. J. A. Trusler and family left on Monday for Calgary, where they intend to make their home.

Mr. H. Raikes, Mrs. J. A. Pope and Mrs. Clocloch, of Pine Lake, were visitors in the city this week.

Plan opens at Gaetz-Cornett's Drug Store on Saturday morning for the grand concert on the 17th.

Queen Mary's Needlework Guild begs to acknowledge three dresses from Clearview-Springvale Womens' Institute.

Mrs. T. Wiart, of Castor, returned home on Friday after a short visit with friends and relatives in North Red Deer.

Mr. and Mrs. Prosser, of Rimbey, Alta., are spending a few days in the city, the guests of Mr. and Mrs. N. White.

Pte. Wm. Hazlett, of the field artillery, was in town on Wednesday visiting friends and relatives before leaving for the front.

His Lordship the Bishop of Calgary will administer the Apostolic rite of Confirmation at St. Luke's church on Thursday evening, June 10th, at 8 p.m.

P. E. Kent has been appointed a Justice of the Peace, and Messrs. C. J. Rutter, Jr., and George Lindsay have been gazetted commissioners for taking affidavits.

A sale of home made cooking and ten cent tea, under the auspices of the ladies of the W.C.T.U., will be held on Saturday, June 12th, in the building west of Mr. Coote's, 2.30 to 9. Extra, ice cream and cake.

In races conducted by the Edmonton Homing Society on Saturday, May 29th, a pigeon owned by J. W. Ruff flew from Red Deer to Edmonton in 2 hours and 10 minutes, the average yards per minute flown being 769 for the 92 miles.

General admission, 25 cents; reserved seats, 50 cents. Plan at Gaetz-Cornett's Saturday morning. At the above prices the choir concert on the 17th will probably attract a crowded house. Reserve your seats and come early.

Secretary C. M. Sharpe, of the boys' division of Calgary Y.M.C.A., spent several days last week at Sylvan Lake arranging for this year's camp, which will be established on Stevenson's Bay, about two miles up the west side of the Lake from the town and will surpass all former sites.

F. Muhlbeier, Mattz Matzen, Peter Seibold and M. Gabert, of Castor district, were committed for trial, without bail, by N. McCarthy, J.P., at Castor last week on the charge of directly or indirectly assisting the enemies of His Majesty George V. by contributing a sum of money for the benefit of the German Empire.

The Alberta Natural History Society will hold their annual basket picnic and botanizing expedition to the tamarac swamp on Saturday, June 12th, leaving town about 1 o'clock. A motor will be provided for members of the Society. Anyone wishing to join will kindly notify the Secretary, Mrs. George, not later than Thursday.

The Edwell Local Union of the U. F. A. will celebrate their popular annual picnic (weather permitting) on Section 32, half a mile west of the Edwell school house, on Thursday, June 10th, when a big crowd is expected to have the usual good time and meet old friends from other Unions and otherwise. Everybody is welcome, so everybody come.

W. H. Berkinshaw, manager and director of the W. R. Brock Co., Calgary, was a visitor in the city on Monday. While in the city Mr. Berkinshaw visited the Memorial Hospital, a department in which he has had much experience, having but recently resigned the position of President of Calgary hospitals, and was much pleased with the service and equipment in Red Deer.

Splendid choruses, quartettes, duets and solos by our own leading vocalists; piano, violin and violincello solos by our own local artists, and readings by our own talented entertainers, will be the big attraction in Red Deer on the 17th inst.

Your presence is requested at the grand concert in the Methodist Church on the 17th inst. Reserve your seat at the Gaetz-Cornett Drug Store.

Hear Mrs. R. G. Dawe on the 17th.

The embargo on wool has been removed.

There was a severe frost, with snow, in Winnipeg on Monday.

Please leave orders at Bradfield & Magee's for A. G. Bullock, dray and transfer.

Fire Chief Meeres was laid up with a touch of pneumonia last week. We are pleased to see him on duty again.

Little Myrtle Morton lost a purse containing about seventy-five cents, last week. Finder may leave at News Office.

Mrs. E. Graves and Mrs. J. M. Carseadden are local delegates to the W.M.S. convention in Edmonton this week.

A public meeting will be held at 9 p.m., Friday evening, in the city hall, to discuss the 1st of July celebration.

One of the beavers was killed when part of their dam was washed away in Waskasoo Park last week during the flood.

50 cents for Daily Albertan, Calgary, until July 21st. Uphold prohibition. Subscribe today. John McVicar, agent.

Miss Forrester, of the hospital staff, left Tuesday evening for Los Angeles, Cal. to take up her duties in a hospital there.

Remember the auction sale of live stock, implements and furniture at the residence of Mrs. Malmberg, Red Deer West, on Thursday, June 10th.

The merchants of the city, we understand, have agreed to have a half holiday every Wednesday afternoon, commencing the first Wednesday in July, during the hot weather.

Rev. Dr. T. A. Wilson leaves tonight for Sarcee Camp, Calgary, to take up his duties as regimental chaplain to the 51st battalion of Edmonton, at present in camp there. During his two years' pastorship of the Methodist church here the Doctor has won the esteem of the citizens in general, and their best wishes will follow him in his new sphere of activity.

A baseball game will be played between Sylvan Lake and Burnt Lake at 6 p.m. on Friday, the 18th instant, at Mr. Jas Swanson's, and will be followed by a dance at 9 p.m. in the big new barn. Entrance to dance $1.00 for gentlemen, ladies free. Entrance includes supper, which will be served at 12.30. All desirous of having a most enjoyable time should on no account miss this opportunity. The proceeds of the dance will go to form the "Burnt Lake Sports Club."

BIRTHS

At Red Deer, on Tuesday, June 1st, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gee, a son.

At Red Deer, on Wednesday, June 2nd, to Mr. and Mrs. E. McGeagh, a son.

At Red Deer, on June 3, 1915, to Mr. and Mrs. William Gee, a daughter.

Latest War News

Roumania is now getting ready to break into the war game.

The French take offensive along the whole western front.

Canadian casualty list now over 8,000.

Co-Operative Markets

(Elevator Prices).

Wheat—	
No. 3 Northern	98c
Feed	77c
Oats—	
Extra No. 1 feed	40c
No. 1 feed	38c
Barley—	
Seed	62c
Feed	40c

Track prices two cents higher.

Hogs	7½c
Hides	7½c
Timothy	$14.00

Damage to Poplars

The forest tent caterpillar is doing a great amount of damage to poplar trees in the city, thousands being found on some trees. The remedy is to spray the tree with a solution composed of one pound of pure Paris green to ten gallons of water, or remove the colonies of worms by hand and burn them.

CITY LEAGUE FOOTBALL

The Callies defeated the School 1-0 in the opening game of the City League football last night. Considering the heavy grounds, it was a fair exhibition. W. Krause refereed

$5.00 REWARD.

For information leading to the return of a three-year-old mare, light bay, one white hind foot and scar on right thigh. Strayed about 30th May.—PUZEY BROS., Red Deer, N. E. 15-38-26, W. of 4th. June 9, 3w

TO RENT.

On Bank Street, a house with six rooms, well built. Fitted up with bath, hot and cold water, by means of a pumping system which requires from 5 to 7 minutes work daily. A 28-barrel tank for soft water in the basement, which can be pumped through the system during wet weather and provides sufficient capacity for soft water for use during the winter. Lot is 100x256, with trees and new lawn. House may be occupied after June 30th. Apply to G. W. McKENZIE, Principal of Schools. June 9.

FOR SALE

Good dry wood; hay and grain; baled oat straw. All kinds of team work promptly done.—CHAPMAN'S FEED STABLE, Gaetz Ave. South. Phone 122.

A SNAP.

An Everett piano, solid oak case, steel framed; cost $550. Owner will accept $150 cash if sold at once. —N. WHITE. Red Deer, June 9

FOR SALE.

Tract 1, College Park acreage, 5 acres, nice corner, near Ladies' College, Red Deer. Agreement $260. Wanted offer for equity. No reasonable offer refused. Write F. BREAKS, Hamilton Exchange, Holden Building, Vancouver, B.C.

FOR SALE.

Improved quarter-section, 2 miles from Pine Lake post office, school and store. Plenty of good water and hay to make a good dairy or stock farm. Price, $2.300—$150.00 cash, balancer to suit purchaser. Apply Box 249, Red Deer P.O. June 9, 2w1.

TENDERS.

Tenders are invited for repairing roof of St. Luke's hall. For particulars apply REV. W. H. FANNING HARRIS at Parish Hall. June 9.

CALGARY INDUSTRIAL EXHIBITION

JUNE 30th to JULY 7th, 1915

Generous Prizes for all Departments
Entries Close June 15th

Special Transportation Arrangements for Exhibits.
Reduced Passsenger Rates

GRAND MILITARY PROGRAM

Six or seven thousand soldiers from all parts of the Province, in training at the Sarcee camp, will help with each programme, giving Physical Exercises, Bayonet and Rifle Drill, March Past, etc. A different battalion each performance.

SEVEN MILITARY BANDS

Will provide Music, and participate in the MILITARY TATTOO, making the greatest aggregation of musical talent ever assembled in the west.

MAGNIFICENT FIREWORKS

Programme, including the scenic production over 300 feet long, illustrating the great feat of the Allies—"Forcing the Dardanelles."

Good Vaudeville Entertainment and Races

Held with the co-operation of the Alberta Department of Agriculture and the City of Calgary by the Calgary Industrial Exhibition Co., Limited.

E. J. DEWEY, President.

E. L. RICHARDSON, Manager.

THE FIRECO RANGE

What is the Fireco Range?



This question you may have or will ask. We will give you a few answers for our mutual benefit.

It is a range that twenty-five pounds of soft coal will run day and night and never need kindling, also cook three meals.

It is a range that saves $20 to $26 on your fuel bill in a year, which is no small amount. It would nearly pay for itself in three years.

It is a range that requires less attention, makes less ashes and does equal, if not better baking and roasting than any other range.

It is a range that the oven will be at baking heat from 3 to 7 hours on one filling.

It is a range that burns soft coal, wood or hard coal at a saving of from 40 to 60 per cent. over other ranges.

We will advise you of the date on which we will have a demonstration of this range in our store, and we will be pleased to have you and your friends come whether you buy or not.

The Day Hardware Co.

"TRADE WHERE THE TRADING IS GOOD"

Phone 76 Smith & Gaetz Block



1 of our biggest specials ever offered to the public.

21 Quart Kneading Pan

60c. ONLY

Brazier's Novelty Store

ALWAYS THE BEST —in—

Chocolates Ice Cream Bread and Cake

AT HAMILTON'S

All our goods are the purest and best made at opular Prices.

HAMILTON'S BAKERY

hone 15 Gaetz Ave. North

Tinsmithing

We do Sheet Metal work in its various branches.

Roofing, Furnace Work, Cornice Work, Etc.

PUMPS

For Pumps, see us before buying.

We guarantee our Pumps to work to your satisfaction, and can supply them for a well of any depth. ∴ ∴ ∴

THE WRIGHT HARDWARE CO.

PHONE 28

(Next to W. E. Lord Co.) Gaetz Ave S.